

The CENTRE for EDUCATION in MATHEMATICS and COMPUTING cemc.uwaterloo.ca

Euclid Contest

Tuesday, April 15, 2014 (in North America and South America)

Wednesday, April 16, 2014 (outside of North America and South America)





Deloitte.

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Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphic displays. Number of questions: 10 Each question is worth 10 marks

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- 1. SHORT ANSWER parts indicated by
 - worth 3 marks each
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2. FULL SOLUTION parts indicated by

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- must be written in the appropriate location in the answer booklet
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- a correct solution poorly presented will not earn full marks

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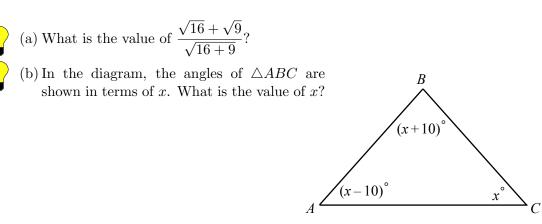
Do not discuss the problems or solutions from this contest online for the next 48 hours.

The name, grade, school and location, and score range of some top-scoring students will be published on our website, http://www.cemc.uwaterloo.ca. In addition, the name, grade, school and location, and score of some top-scoring students may be shared with other mathematical organizations for other recognition opportunities.

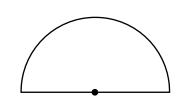
| TIPS: | 1. | Please read the instructions on the front cover of this booklet. | |
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| | | of your solution. Work out some details in rough on a separate piece of paper | |
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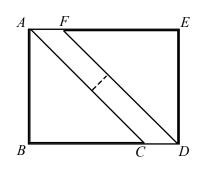


- (c) Lisa earns two times as much per hour as Bart. Lisa works 6 hours and Bart works 4 hours. They earn \$200 in total. How much does Lisa earn per hour?
- 2. (a) The semi-circular region shown has radius 10. What is the perimeter of the region?



- (b) The parabola with equation y = 10(x+2)(x-5) intersects the x-axis at points P and Q. What is the length of line segment PQ?
- (c) The line with equation y = 2x intersects the line segment joining C(0, 60) and D(30, 0) at the point E. Determine the coordinates of E.

(a) Jimmy is baking two large identical triangular cookies, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$. Each cookie is in the shape of an isosceles right-angled triangle. The length of the shorter sides of each of these triangles is 20 cm. He puts the cookies on a rectangular baking tray so that A, B, D, and E are at the vertices of the rectangle, as shown. If the distance between parallel sides AC and DF is 4 cm, what is the width BD of the tray?



(b) Determine all values of x for which $\frac{x^2 + x + 4}{2x + 1} = \frac{4}{x}$.

- (a) Determine the number of positive divisors of 900, including 1 and 900, that are perfect squares. (A *positive divisor* of 900 is a positive integer that divides exactly into 900.)
- (b) Points A(k,3), B(3,1) and C(6,k) form an isosceles triangle. If $\angle ABC = \angle ACB$, determine all possible values of k.

(a) A chemist has three bottles, each containing a mixture of acid and water:

- \bullet bottle A contains 40 g of which 10% is acid,
- \bullet bottle B contains 50 g of which 20% is acid, and
- \bullet bottle C contains 50 g of which 30% is acid.

She uses some of the mixture from each of the bottles to create a mixture with mass 60 g of which 25% is acid. Then she mixes the remaining contents of the bottles to create a new mixture. What percentage of the new mixture is acid?

(b) Suppose that x and y are real numbers with 3x + 4y = 10. Determine the minimum possible value of $x^2 + 16y^2$.

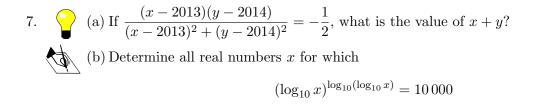
- (a) A bag contains 40 balls, each of which is black or gold. Feridun reaches into the bag and randomly removes two balls. Each ball in the bag is equally likely to be removed. If the probability that two gold balls are removed is $\frac{5}{12}$, how many of the 40 balls are gold?
- (b) The geometric sequence with n terms $t_1, t_2, \ldots, t_{n-1}, t_n$ has $t_1t_n = 3$. Also, the product of all n terms equals 59 049 (that is, $t_1t_2 \cdots t_{n-1}t_n = 59 049$). Determine the value of n.

(A geometric sequence is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by multiplying it by a constant. For example, 3, 6, 12 is a geometric sequence with three terms.)

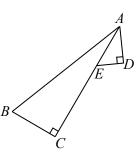
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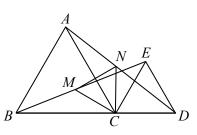
4.



8. (a) In the diagram, $\angle ACB = \angle ADE = 90^{\circ}$. If AB = 75, BC = 21, AD = 20, and CE = 47, determine the exact length of BD.



(b) In the diagram, C lies on BD. Also, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle ECD$ are equilateral triangles. If M is the midpoint of BE and N is the midpoint of AD, prove that $\triangle MNC$ is equilateral.



9. (a) Without using a calculator, determine positive integers m and n for which

$$\sin^{6} 1^{\circ} + \sin^{6} 2^{\circ} + \sin^{6} 3^{\circ} + \dots + \sin^{6} 87^{\circ} + \sin^{6} 88^{\circ} + \sin^{6} 89^{\circ} = \frac{m}{n}$$

(The sum on the left side of the equation consists of 89 terms of the form $\sin^6 x^\circ$, where x takes each positive integer value from 1 to 89.)

(b) Let f(n) be the number of positive integers that have exactly n digits and whose digits have a sum of 5. Determine, with proof, how many of the 2014 integers $f(1), f(2), \ldots, f(2014)$ have a units digit of 1.

10. Fiona plays a game with jelly beans on the number line. Initially, she has N jelly beans, all at position 0. On each turn, she must choose one of the following moves:

- Type 1: She removes two jelly beans from position 0, eats one, and puts the other at position 1.
- Type *i*, where *i* is an integer with $i \ge 2$: She removes one jelly bean from position i 2 and one jelly bean from position i 1, eats one, and puts the other at position *i*.

The positions of the jelly beans when no more moves are possible is called the *final* state. Once a final state is reached, Fiona is said to have won the game if there are at most three jelly beans remaining, each at a distinct position and no two at consecutive integer positions. For example, if N = 7, Fiona wins the game with the sequence of moves

Type 1, Type 1, Type 2, Type 1, Type 3

which leaves jelly beans at positions 1 and 3. A different sequence of moves starting with N = 7 might not win the game.

- (a) Determine an integer N for which it is possible to win the game with one jelly bean left at position 5 and no jelly beans left at any other position.
- (b) Suppose that Fiona starts the game with a fixed unknown positive integer N. Prove that if Fiona can win the game, then there is only one possible final state.
- (c) Determine, with justification, the closest positive integer N to 2014 for which Fiona can win the game.



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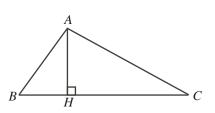
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- (a) What is the smallest positive integer x for which $\sqrt{113 + x}$ is an integer?
 - (b) The average of 3 and 11 is a. The average of a and b is 11. What is the value of b?
- (c) Charlie is 30 years older than his daughter Bella. Charlie is also six times as old as Bella. Determine Charlie's age.
- 2. (a) If $\frac{21}{x} = \frac{7}{y}$ with $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$, what is the value of $\frac{x}{y}$? (b) For which positive integer n are both $\frac{1}{n+1} < 0.2013$ and $0.2013 < \frac{1}{n}$ true?
 - (c) In the diagram, H is on side BC of $\triangle ABC$ so that AH is perpendicular to BC. Also, AB = 10, AH = 8, and the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 84. Determine the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$.



- (a) In the Fibonacci sequence, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, . . ., each term after the second is the sum of the previous two terms. How many of the first 100 terms of the Fibonacci sequence are odd?

3.

(b) In an arithmetic sequence, the sum of the first and third terms is 6 and the sum of the second and fourth terms is 20. Determine the tenth term in the sequence.

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7, 9 are the first four terms of an arithmetic sequence.)

(a) How many positive integers less than 1000 have only odd digits?

(b) Determine all ordered pairs (a, b) that satisfy the following system of equations.

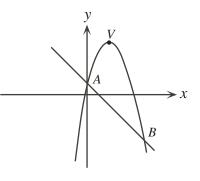
$$\begin{aligned} a+b &= 16\\ \frac{4}{7} &= \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} \end{aligned}$$

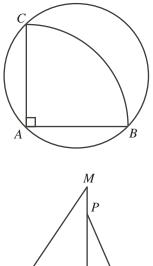
- (a) Tanner has two identical dice. Each die has six faces which are numbered 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13. When Tanner rolls the two dice, what is the probability that the sum of the numbers on the top faces is a prime number?
- (b) In the diagram, V is the vertex of the parabola with equation $y = -x^2 + 4x + 1$. Also, A and B are the points of intersection of the parabola and the line with equation y = -x + 1. Determine the value of $AV^2 + BV^2 - AB^2$.

(a) In the diagram, ABC is a quarter of a circular

covered by the piece of pizza?

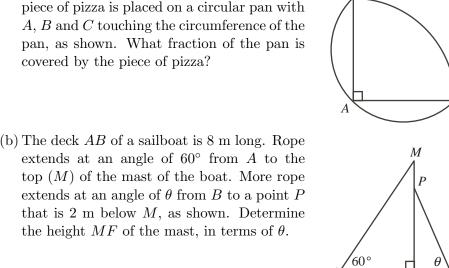
pizza with centre A and radius 20 cm. The





F

B





7.

(a) If $\frac{1}{\cos x} - \tan x = 3$, what is the numerical value of $\sin x$?

the height MF of the mast, in terms of θ .

(b) Determine all linear functions f(x) = ax + b such that if $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$ for all values of x, then f(x) - g(x) = 44 for all values of x. (Note: f^{-1} is the inverse function of f.)

6.

4.

- 8. (a) Determine all pairs (a, b) of positive integers for which a³ + 2ab = 2013.
 (b) Determine all real values of x for which log₂(2^{x-1} + 3^{x+1}) = 2x log₂(3^x).
- (a) Square WXYZ has side length 6 and is drawn, as shown, completely inside a larger square EFGH with side length 10, so that the squares do not touch and so that WX is parallel to EF. Prove that the sum of the areas of trapezoid EFXW and trapezoid GHZY does not depend on the position of WXYZ inside EFGH.
- (b) A large square ABCD is drawn, with a second smaller square PQRS completely inside it so that the squares do not touch. Line segments AP, BQ, CR, and DS are drawn, dividing the region between the squares into four nonoverlapping convex quadrilaterals, as shown. If the sides of PQRS are not parallel to the sides of ABCD, prove that the sum of the areas of quadrilaterals APSD and BCRQ equals the sum of the areas of quadrilaterals ABQP and CDSR. (Note: A convex quadrilateral is a quadrilateral in which the measure of each of the four interior angles is less than 180° .)
- 10. A multiplicative partition of a positive integer $n \ge 2$ is a way of writing n as a product of one or more integers, each greater than 1. Note that we consider a positive integer to be a multiplicative partition of itself. Also, the order of the factors in a partition does not matter; for example, $2 \times 3 \times 5$ and $2 \times 5 \times 3$ are considered to be the same partition of 30. For each positive integer $n \ge 2$, define P(n) to be the number of multiplicative partitions of n. We also define P(1) = 1. Note that P(40) = 7, since the multiplicative partitions of 40 are 40, 2×20 , 4×10 , 5×8 , $2 \times 2 \times 10$, $2 \times 4 \times 5$, and $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$.
 - (a) Determine the value of P(64).
 - (b) Determine the value of P(1000).
 - (c) Determine, with proof, a sequence of integers $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots$ with the property that

$$P(4 \times 5^m) = a_0 P(2^m) + a_1 P(2^{m-1}) + a_2 P(2^{m-2}) + \dots + a_{m-1} P(2^1) + a_m P(2^0)$$

for every positive integer m.



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- (a) John buys 10 bags of apples, each of which contains 20 apples. If he eats 8 apples a day, how many days will it take him to eat the 10 bags of apples?
 - (b) Determine the value of $\sin(0^\circ) + \sin(60^\circ) + \sin(120^\circ) + \sin(180^\circ) + \sin(240^\circ) + \sin(300^\circ) + \sin(360^\circ)$
 - (c) A set of integers has a sum of 420, and an average of 60. If one of the integers in the set is 120, what is average of the remaining integers in the set?
- 2. (a) If ax + ay = 4 and x + y = 12, what is the value of a?
 - (b) If the lines with equations 4x + 6y = 5 and 6x + ky = 3 are parallel, what is the value of k?
 - (c) Determine all pairs (x, y) that satisfy the system of equations

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x+y &=& 0\\ x^2-y &=& 2 \end{array}$$

3.

1.

(a) A 200 g solution consists of water and salt. 25% of the total mass of the solution is salt. How many grams of water need to be added in order to change the solution so that it is 10% salt by mass?

(b) The correct formula for converting a Celsius temperature (C) to a Fahrenheit temperature (F) is given by $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$.

To approximate the Fahrenheit temperature, Gordie doubles C and then adds 30 to get f.

If f < F, the error in the approximation is F - f; otherwise, the error in the approximation is f - F. (For example, if F = 68 and f = 70, the error in the approximation is f - F = 2.)

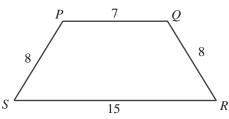
Determine the largest possible error in the approximation that Gordie would make when converting Celsius temperatures C with $-20 \le C \le 35$.

- 4. (a) The horizontal line y = k intersects the parabola with equation y = 2(x-3)(x-5) at points A and B. If the length of line segment AB is 6, what is the value of k?
 - (b) Determine three pairs (a, b) of positive integers for which

$$(3a + 6a + 9a + 12a + 15a) + (6b + 12b + 18b + 24b + 30b)$$

is a perfect square.

- (a) Triangle ABC has vertices A(0,5), B(3,0) and C(8,3). Determine the measure of $\angle ACB$.
 - (b) In the diagram, PQRS is an isosceles trapezoid with PQ = 7, PS = QR = 8, and SR = 15. Determine the length of the diagonal PR.



- (a) Blaise and Pierre will play 6 games of squash. Since they are equally skilled, each is equally likely to win any given game. (In squash, there are no ties.) The probability that each of them will win 3 of the 6 games is $\frac{5}{16}$. What is the probability that Blaise will win more games than Pierre?
- (b) Determine all real values of x for which

$$3^{x+2} + 2^{x+2} + 2^x = 2^{x+5} + 3^x$$

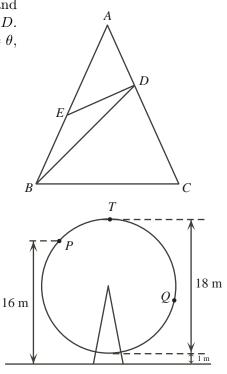
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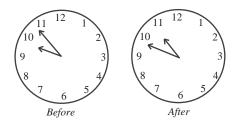
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(a) In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ has AB = AC and $\angle BAC < 60^{\circ}$. Point D is on AC with BC = BD. Point E is on AB with BE = ED. If $\angle BAC = \theta$, determine $\angle BED$ in terms of θ .

(b) In the diagram, the ferris wheel has a diameter of 18 m and rotates at a constant rate. When Kolapo rides the ferris wheel and is at its lowest point, he is 1 m above the ground. When Kolapo is at point P that is 16 m above the ground and is rising, it takes him 4 seconds to reach the highest point, T. He continues to travel for another 8 seconds reaching point Q. Determine Kolapo's height above the ground when he reaches point Q.



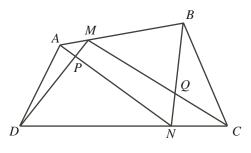
(a) On Saturday, Jimmy started painting his toy helicopter between 9:00 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. When he finished between 10:00 a.m. and 11:00 a.m. on the same morning, the hour hand was exactly where the minute hand had been when he started, and the minute hand was exactly where the hour hand had been when he started. Jimmy spent t hours painting. Determine the value of t.



(b) Determine all real values of x such that

$$\log_{5x+9}(x^2 + 6x + 9) + \log_{x+3}(5x^2 + 24x + 27) = 4$$

- (a) An auditorium has a rectangular array of chairs. There are exactly 14 boys seated in each row and exactly 10 girls seated in each column. If exactly 3 chairs are empty, prove that there are at least 567 chairs in the auditorium.
 - (b) In the diagram, quadrilateral ABCDhas points M and N on AB and DC, respectively, with $\frac{AM}{AB} = \frac{NC}{DC}$. Line segments AN and DM intersect at P, while BN and CM intersect at Q. Prove that the area of quadrilateral PMQN equals the sum of the areas of $\triangle APD$ and $\triangle BQC$.



- 10. For each positive integer N, an *Eden sequence* from $\{1, 2, 3, ..., N\}$ is defined to be a sequence that satisfies the following conditions:
 - (i) each of its terms is an element of the set of consecutive integers $\{1, 2, 3, \ldots, N\}$,
 - (ii) the sequence is increasing, and
 - (iii) the terms in odd numbered positions are odd and the terms in even numbered positions are even.

For example, the four Eden sequences from $\{1, 2, 3\}$ are

1 3 1, 2 1, 2, 3

- (a) Determine the number of Eden sequences from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$.
- (b) For each positive integer N, define e(N) to be the number of Eden sequences from $\{1, 2, 3, \ldots, N\}$. If e(17) = 4180 and e(20) = 17710, determine e(18) and e(19).



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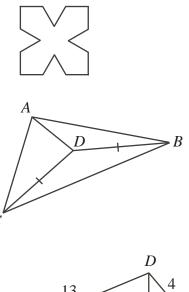
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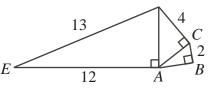
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- 1. (a) If (x + 1) + (x + 2) + (x + 3) = 8 + 9 + 10, what is the value of x? (b) If $\sqrt{25 + \sqrt{x}} = 6$, what is the value of x?
 - (c) The point (a, 2) is the point of intersection of the lines with equations y = 2x 4and y = x + k. Determine the value of k.
 - (a) An equilateral triangle of side length 1 is cut out of the middle of each side of a square of side length 3, as shown. What is the perimeter of the resulting figure?
 - (b) In the diagram, DC = DB, $\angle DCB = 15^{\circ}$, and $\angle ADB = 130^{\circ}$. What is the measure of $\angle ADC$?



(c) In the diagram, $\angle EAD = 90^{\circ}$, $\angle ACD = 90^{\circ}$, and $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$. Also, ED = 13, EA = 12, DC = 4, and CB = 2. Determine the length of AB.



3. (a) If $2 \le x \le 5$ and $10 \le y \le 20$, what is the maximum value of $15 - \frac{y}{x}$?

(b) The functions f and g satisfy

$$f(x) + g(x) = 3x + 5f(x) - g(x) = 5x + 7$$

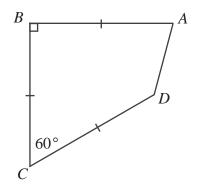
for all values of x. Determine the value of 2f(2)g(2).

(a) Three different numbers are chosen at random from the set {1,2,3,4,5}. The numbers are arranged in increasing order. What is the probability that the resulting sequence is an arithmetic sequence?

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3,5,7,9 is an arithmetic sequence with four terms.)

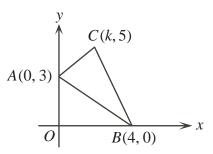
4.

(b) In the diagram, ABCD is a quadrilateral with AB = BC = CD = 6, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$, and $\angle BCD = 60^{\circ}$. Determine the length of AD.



(a) What is the largest two-digit number that becomes 75% greater when its digits are reversed?

(b) A triangle has vertices A(0,3), B(4,0), C(k,5), where 0 < k < 4. If the area of the triangle is 8, determine the value of k.



6.

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(a) Serge likes to paddle his raft down the Speed River from point A to point B. The speed of the current in the river is always the same. When Serge paddles, he always paddles at the same constant speed. On days when he paddles with the current, it takes him 18 minutes to get from A to B. When he does not paddle, the current carries him from A to B in 30 minutes. If there were no current, how long would it take him to paddle from A to B?

(b) Square OPQR has vertices O(0,0), P(0,8), Q(8,8), and R(8,0). The parabola with equation y = a(x-2)(x-6) intersects the sides of the square OPQR at points K, L, M, and N. Determine all the values of a for which the area of the trapezoid KLMN is 36.

(a) A 75 year old person has a 50% chance of living at least another 10 years.A 75 year old person has a 20% chance of living at least another 15 years.An 80 year old person has a 25% chance of living at least another 10 years.What is the probability that an 80 year old person will live at least another 5 years?

(b) Determine all values of x for which $2^{\log_{10}(x^2)} = 3(2^{1+\log_{10} x}) + 16$.

The Sieve of Sundaram uses the following infinite table of positive integers:

| 4 | 7 | 10 | 13 | • • • |
|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 7 | 12 | 17 | 22 | • • • |
| 10 | 17 | 24 | 31 | • • • |
| 13 | 22 | 31 | 40 | • • • |
| : | : | : | : | |
| • | • | • | • | |

The numbers in each row in the table form an arithmetic sequence. The numbers in each column in the table form an arithmetic sequence. The first four entries in each of the first four rows and columns are shown.

(a) Determine the number in the 50th row and 40th column.

(b) Determine a formula for the number in the Rth row and Cth column.

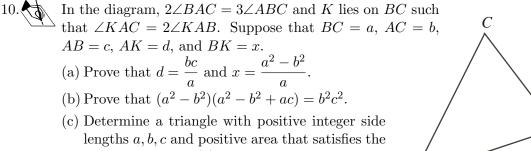
(c) Prove that if N is an entry in the table, then 2N + 1 is composite.

9. Let $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denote the greatest integer less than or equal to x. For example, $\lfloor 3.1 \rfloor = 3$ and $\lfloor -1.4 \rfloor = -2$.

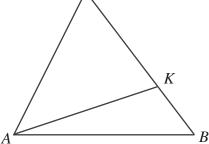
Suppose that $f(n) = 2n - \left\lfloor \frac{1 + \sqrt{8n - 7}}{2} \right\rfloor$ and $g(n) = 2n + \left\lfloor \frac{1 + \sqrt{8n - 7}}{2} \right\rfloor$ for each positive integer n.

(a) Determine the value of g(2011).

- (b) Determine a value of n for which f(n) = 100.
- (c) Suppose that $A = \{f(1), f(2), f(3), \ldots\}$ and $B = \{g(1), g(2), g(3), \ldots\}$; that is, A is the range of f and B is the range of g. Prove that every positive integer m is an element of exactly one of A or B.



condition in part (b).





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Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphic displays.

Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so. The paper consists of 10 questions, each worth 10 marks. Parts of each question can be of two types. SHORT ANSWER parts are worth 3 marks each. FULL SOLUTION parts are worth the remainder of the 10 marks for the question.

Instructions for SHORT ANSWER parts:

1. **SHORT ANSWER** parts are indicated like this:

2. Enter the answer in the appropriate box in the answer booklet.

For these questions, full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box. Part marks will be awarded **only if relevant work** is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.

Instructions for FULL SOLUTION parts:

1. FULL SOLUTION parts are indicated like this:



- 2. Finished solutions must be written in the appropriate location in the answer **booklet.** Rough work should be done separately. If you require extra pages for your finished solutions, foolscap will be supplied by your supervising teacher. Insert these pages into your answer booklet. Be sure to write your name, school name and question number on any inserted pages.
- 3. Marks are awarded for completeness, clarity, and style of presentation. A correct solution poorly presented will not earn full marks.

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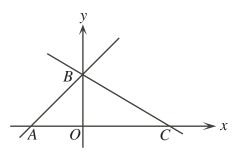
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(a) If 3^x = 27, what is the value of 3^{x+2}?
(b) If 2⁵3¹³5⁹x = 2⁷3¹⁴5⁹, what is the value of x?

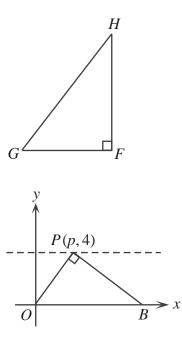
(c) Triangle ABC is enclosed by the lines $y = x + 2, \ y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$ and the x-axis. Determine the area of $\triangle ABC$.



- (a) Maria has a red package, a green package, and a blue package. The sum of the masses of the three packages is 60 kg. The sum of the masses of the red and green packages is 25 kg. The sum of the masses of the green and blue packages is 50 kg. What is the mass of the green package, in kg?
 - (b) A *palindrome* is a positive integer that is the same when read forwards or backwards. For example, 151 is a palindrome. What is the largest palindrome less than 200 that is the sum of three consecutive integers?

(c) If (x+1)(x-1) = 8, determine the numerical value of $(x^2+x)(x^2-x)$.

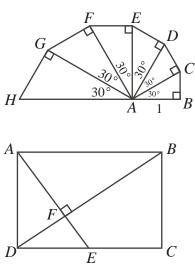
- (a) Bea the bee sets out from her hive, H, and flies south for 1 hour to a field, F. She spends 30 minutes in the field, and then flies 45 minutes west to a garden, G. After spending 1 hour in the garden, she flies back to her hive along a straight line route. Bea always flies at the same constant speed. What is the total length of time, in minutes, that she is away from her hive?
- (b) In the diagram, points P(p, 4), B(10, 0), and O(0, 0) are shown. If $\triangle OPB$ is right-angled at P, determine all possible values of p.



- (a) Thurka bought some stuffed goats and some toy helicopters. She paid a total of \$201. She did not buy partial goats or partial helicopters. Each stuffed goat cost \$19 and each toy helicopter cost \$17. How many of each did she buy?
 - (b) Determine all real values of x for which $(x+8)^4 = (2x+16)^2$.
 - (a) If f(x) = 2x + 1 and $g(f(x)) = 4x^2 + 1$, determine an expression for g(x).
 - (b) A geometric sequence has 20 terms.
 The sum of its first two terms is 40.
 The sum of its first three terms is 76.
 The sum of its first four terms is 130.
 Determine how many of the terms in the sequence are integers.

(A geometric sequence is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by multiplying it by a constant. For example, 3, 6, 12 is a geometric sequence with three terms.)

- (a) A snail's shell is formed from six triangular sections, as shown. Each triangle has interior angles of 30° , 60° and 90° . If AB has a length of 1 cm, what is the length of AH, in cm?
- (b) In rectangle ABCD, point E is on side DC. Line segments AE and BD are perpendicular and intersect at F. If AF = 4 and DF = 2, determine the area of quadrilateral BCEF.

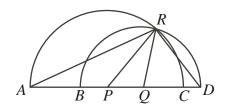




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- 7. (a) Determine all real values of x for which $3^{(x-1)}9^{\frac{3}{2x^2}} = 27$.
 - (b) Determine all points (x, y) where the two curves $y = \log_{10}(x^4)$ and $y = (\log_{10} x)^3$ intersect.
- (a) Oi-Lam tosses three fair coins and removes all of the coins that come up heads.
 George then tosses the coins that remain, if any. Determine the probability that George tosses exactly one head.
 - (b) In the diagram, points B, P, Q, and C lie on line segment AD. The semi-circle with diameter AC has centre P and the semi-circle with diameter BD has centre Q. The two semi-circles intersect at R. If $\angle PRQ = 40^{\circ}$, determine the measure of $\angle ARD$.



9. (a) (i) If θ is an angle whose measure is not an integer multiple of 90°, prove that

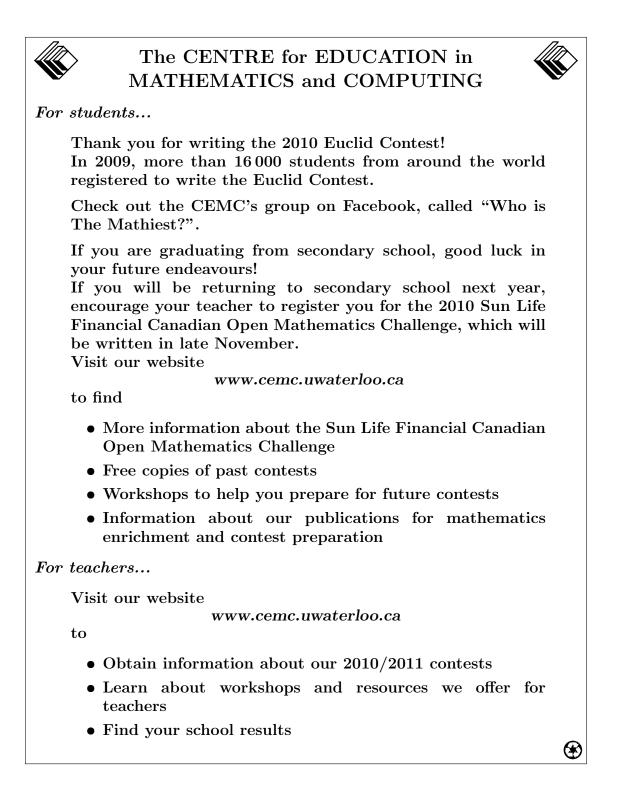
$$\cot\theta - \cot 2\theta = \frac{1}{\sin 2\theta}$$

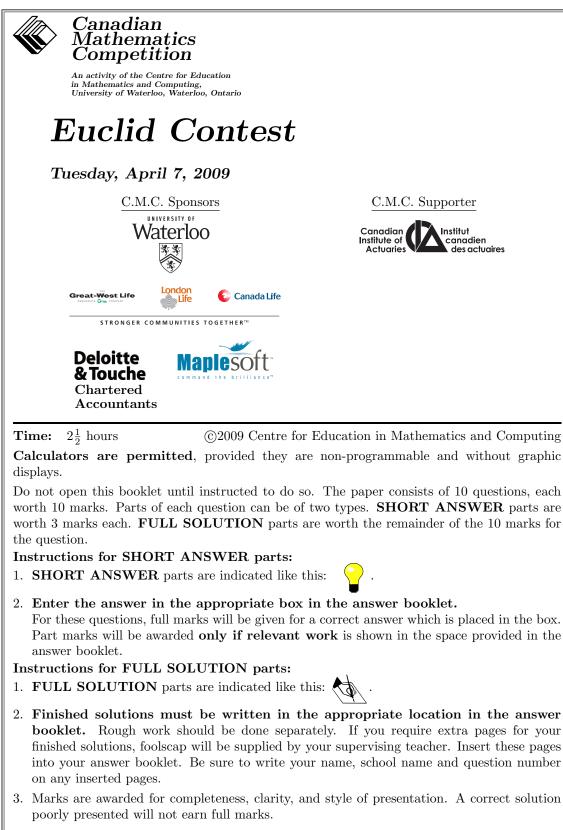
(ii) Ross starts with an angle of measure 8° and doubles it 10 times until he obtains 8192°. He then adds up the reciprocals of the sines of these 11 angles. That is, he calculates

$$S = \frac{1}{\sin 8^{\circ}} + \frac{1}{\sin 16^{\circ}} + \frac{1}{\sin 32^{\circ}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sin 4096^{\circ}} + \frac{1}{\sin 8192^{\circ}}$$

Determine, without using a calculator, the measure of the acute angle α so that $S = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha}$.

- (b) In $\triangle ABC$, BC = a, AC = b, AB = c, and $a < \frac{1}{2}(b+c)$. Prove that $\angle BAC < \frac{1}{2}(\angle ABC + \angle ACB)$.
- For each positive integer n, let T(n) be the number of triangles with integer side lengths, positive area, and perimeter n. For example, T(6) = 1 since the only such triangle with a perimeter of 6 has side lengths 2, 2 and 2.
 - (a) Determine the values of T(10), T(11) and T(12).
 - (b) If m is a positive integer with $m \ge 3$, prove that T(2m) = T(2m 3).
 - (c) Determine the smallest positive integer n such that T(n) > 2010.





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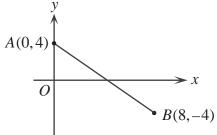
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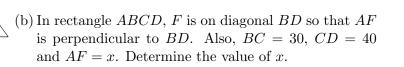
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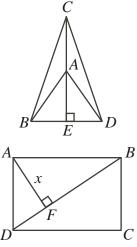
- (a) A line has equation 6x + 3y 21 = 0. What is the slope of the line?
 - (b) A line with a slope of 3 passes through the points (1,0) and (5,c). What is the value of c?
 - (c) The point (k, k) lies on the line segment AB shown in the diagram. Determine the value of k.



2. (a) What is the sum of the two numbers that satisfy the equation x² − 6x − 7 = 0?
(b) What is the product of the two numbers that satisfy the equation 5x² − 20 = 0?
(c) Determine the average of the numbers that satisfy the equation x³ − 6x² + 5x = 0.

(a) In the diagram, AB = AC = AD = BD and CAE is a straight line segment that is perpendicular to BD. What is the measure of $\angle CDB$?





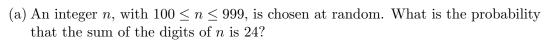
(a) In an arithmetic sequence, the first term is 1 and the last term is 19. The sum of all the terms in the sequence is 70. How many terms does the sequence have?

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7, 9 is an arithmetic sequence with four terms.)

(b) Suppose that a(x + b(x + 3)) = 2(x + 6) for all values of x. Determine a and b.

- (a) In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles with AC = BC = 7. Point D is on AB with $\angle CDA = 60^{\circ}$, AD = 8, and CD = 3. Determine the length of BD.

- - (b) In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is right-angled at C. Also, $2\sin B = 3\tan A$. Determine the measure of angle A.



(b) Alice drove from town E to town F at a constant speed of 60 km/h. Bob drove from F to E along the same road also at a constant speed. They started their journeys at the same time and passed each other at point G.



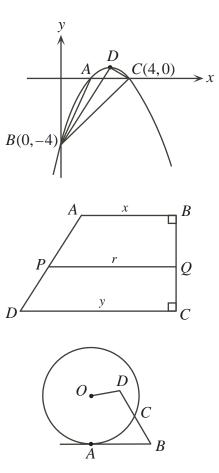
Alice drove from G to F in 45 minutes. Bob drove from G to E in 20 minutes. Determine Bob's constant speed.

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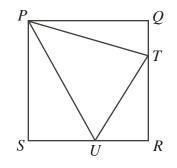
- (a) The parabola $y = x^2 2x + 4$ is translated p units to the right and q units down. The *x*-intercepts of the resulting parabola are 3 and 5. What are the values of p and q?
- (b) In the diagram, D is the vertex of a parabola. The parabola cuts the *x*-axis at A and at C(4,0). The parabola cuts the *y*-axis at B(0,-4). The area of $\triangle ABC$ is 4. Determine the area of $\triangle DBC$.
- 8. (a) ABCD is a trapezoid with parallel sides AB and DC. Also, BC is perpendicular to AB and to DC. The line PQ is parallel to AB and divides the trapezoid into two regions of equal area. If AB = x, DC = y, and PQ = r, prove that $x^2 + y^2 = 2r^2$.
 - (b) In the diagram, AB is tangent to the circle with centre O and radius r. The length of AB is p. Point C is on the circle and D is inside the circle so that BCD is a straight line, as shown. If BC = CD = DO = q, prove that $q^2 + r^2 = p^2$.



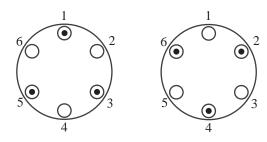
- 9.
- (a) If $\log_2 x$, $(1 + \log_4 x)$, and $\log_8 4x$ are consecutive terms of a geometric sequence, determine the possible values of x.

(A geometric sequence is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by multiplying it by a constant. For example, 3, 6, 12 is a geometric sequence with three terms.)

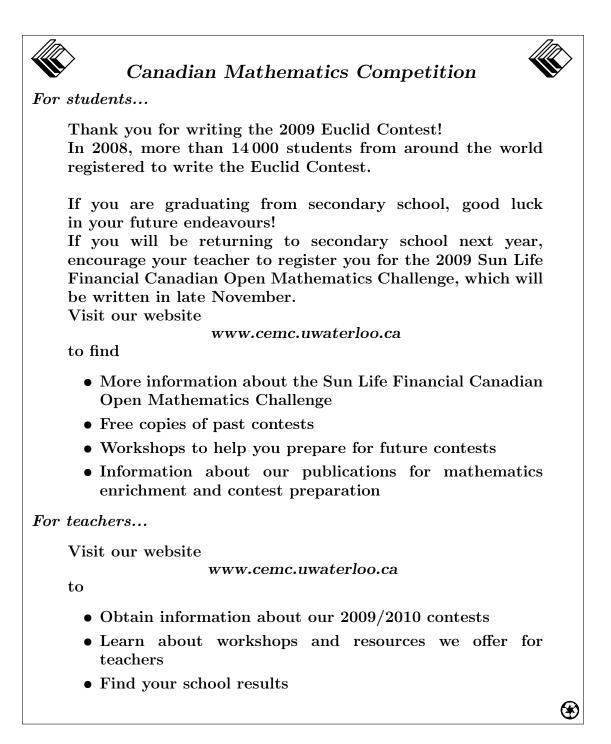
(b) In the diagram, PQRS is a square with sides of length 4. Points T and U are on sides QRand RS respectively such that $\angle UPT = 45^{\circ}$. Determine the maximum possible perimeter of $\triangle RUT$.

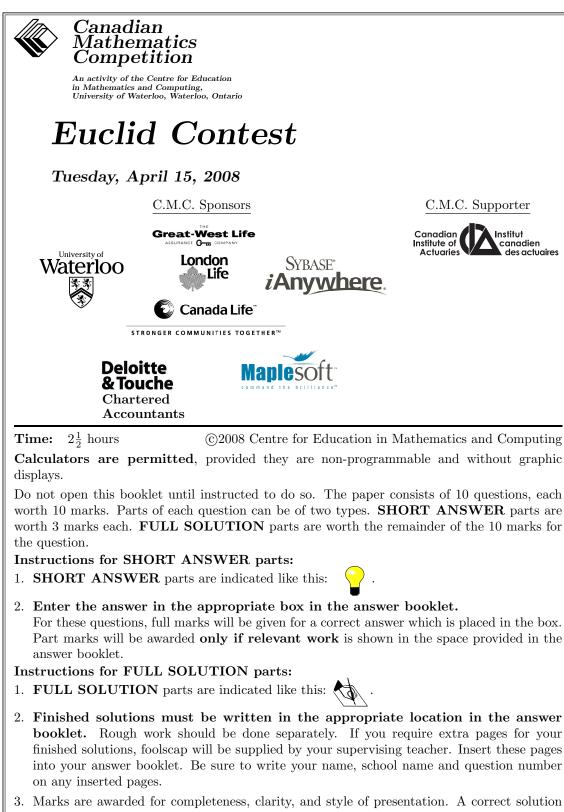


10. Suppose there are *n* plates equally spaced around a circular table. Ross wishes to place an identical gift on each of *k* plates, so that no two neighbouring plates have gifts. Let f(n, k) represent the number of ways in which he can place the gifts. For example f(6, 3) = 2, as shown below.



- (a) Determine the value of f(7,3).
- (b) Prove that f(n,k) = f(n-1,k) + f(n-2,k-1) for all integers $n \ge 3$ and $k \ge 2$.
- (c) Determine the smallest possible value of n + k among all possible ordered pairs of integers (n, k) for which f(n, k) is a positive multiple of 2009, where $n \ge 3$ and $k \ge 2$.





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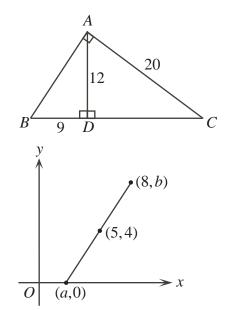
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- 1. (a) In the diagram, what is the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$?
 - (b) In the diagram, the line segment with endpoints (a, 0) and (8, b) has midpoint (5, 4). What are the values of a and b?





(c) The lines ax + y = 30 and x + ay = k intersect at the point P(6, 12). Determine the value of k.

- 2. Each part of this problem refers to the parabola y = (x 2)(x 8) + 7.
 - (a) The points (2,7) and (c,7), where $c \neq 2$, lie on the parabola. What is the value of c?

(b) What are the coordinates of the vertex of the parabola?

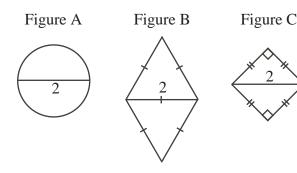
(c) A line that passes through the point A(5,0) intersects the parabola at B(4,-1). Determine the other point at which this line intersects the parabola. (a) A 3×3 square frame is placed on a grid of numbers, as shown. In the example, the sum of the numbers inside the square frame is 108, and the middle number is 12. When the square frame is moved to a new position, the sum of its numbers becomes 279. In the frame's new position, what is the middle number?

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | 12 | | |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 |
| | | | | 40 | | |
| 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 |
| | | | | | | |

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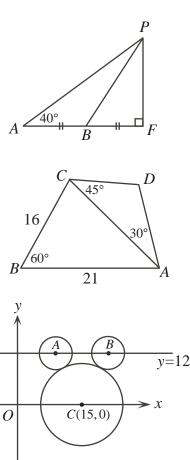
(b) Of the three figures shown, which has the smallest area and which has the largest area? Explain how you determined your answer. (In Figure A, the circle has a diameter of length 2.)



(a) A flagpole FP is 20 metres tall. From point A on the flat ground, the angle of elevation to the top of the flagpole is 40°. If B is halfway from A to F, what is the measure of $\angle FBP$, to the nearest degree?

(b) In the diagram, AB = 21 and BC = 16. Also, $\angle ABC = 60^{\circ}$, $\angle CAD = 30^{\circ}$, and $\angle ACD = 45^{\circ}$. Determine the length of CD, to the nearest tenth.

(a) In the diagram, the large circle has radius 9 and centre C(15, 0). The small circles have radius 4 and centres A and B on the horizontal line y = 12. Each of the two small circles is tangent to the large circle. It takes a bug 5 seconds to walk at a constant speed from A to B along the line y = 12. How far does the bug walk in 1 second?



(b) Determine all values of k, with $k \neq 0$, for which the parabola

$$y = kx^2 + (5k+3)x + (6k+5)$$

has its vertex on the x-axis.

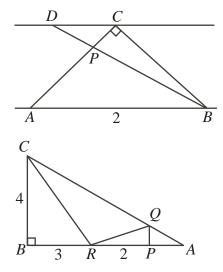
- (a) The function f(x) satisfies the equation f(x) = f(x-1) + f(x+1) for all values of x. If f(1) = 1 and f(2) = 3, what is the value of f(2008)?
- (b) The numbers a, b, c, in that order, form a three term arithmetic sequence (see below) and a + b + c = 60.

The numbers a - 2, b, c + 3, in that order, form a three term geometric sequence. Determine all possible values of a, b and c.

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7 is an arithmetic sequence with three terms.

A geometric sequence is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by multiplying it by a constant. For example, 3, 6, 12 is a geometric sequence with three terms.)

- (a) The average of three consecutive multiples of 3 is a. The average of four consecutive multiples of 4 is a + 27. The average of the smallest and largest of these seven integers is 42. Determine the value of a.
 - (b) Billy and Crystal each have a bag of 9 balls. The balls in each bag are numbered from 1 to 9. Billy and Crystal each remove one ball from their own bag. Let b be the sum of the numbers on the balls remaining in Billy's bag. Let c be the sum of the numbers on the balls remaining in Crystal's bag. Determine the probability that b and c differ by a multiple of 4.
- (a) Points A, B, C, and D are arranged, as shown, with AB parallel to DC and P the point of intersection of AC and BD. Also, $\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}, AC = CB, AB = BD = 2.$ Determine the measure of $\angle DBC$.
 - (b) In the diagram, ABC is a right-angled triangle with P and R on AB. Also, Q is on AC, and PQ is parallel to BC. If RP = 2, BR = 3, BC = 4, and the area of $\triangle QRC$ is 5, determine the length of AP.



9. (a) The equation $2^{x+2}5^{6-x} = 10^{x^2}$ has two real solutions. Determine these two solutions.

(b) Determine all real solutions to the system of equations

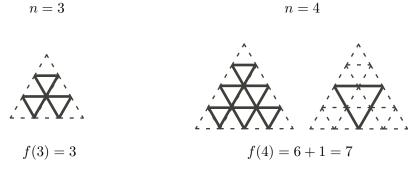
$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrc} x & + & \log_{10} x & = & y-1 \\ y & + & \log_{10}(y-1) & = & z-1 \\ z & + & \log_{10}(z-2) & = & x+2 \end{array}$$

and prove that there are no more solutions.

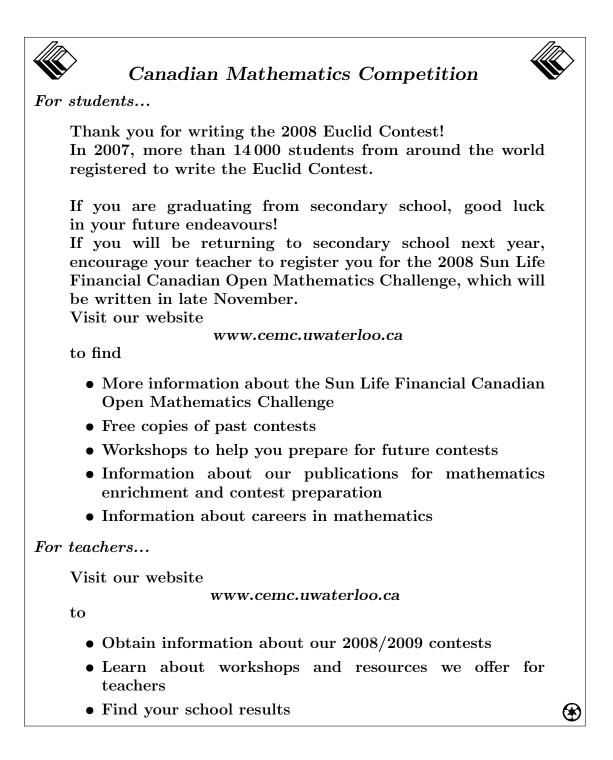
10. Suppose that n is a positive integer. Consider an upward-pointing equilateral triangle of side length n, cut up into unit triangles, as shown.

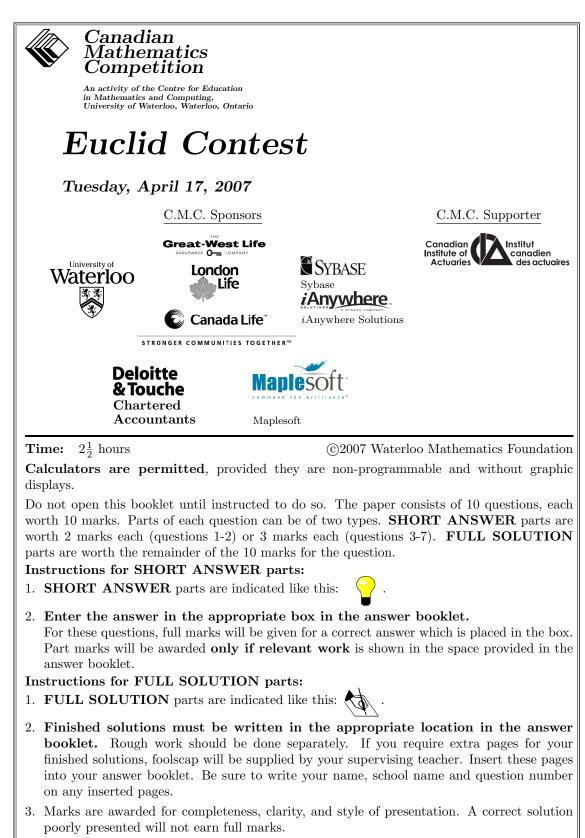


For each n, let f(n) represent the total number of downward-pointing equilateral triangles of all sizes. For example, f(3) = 3 and f(4) = 6 + 1 = 7, as illustrated below.



- (a) Determine the values of f(5) and f(6).
- (b) Prove that $f(2k) = f(2k-1) + k^2$ for each positive integer $k \ge 1$.
- (c) Determine, with justification, all positive integers n for which f(n) is divisible by n.





NOTE: At the completion of the Contest, insert the information sheet inside the answer booklet.

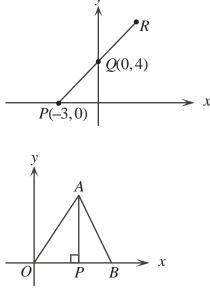
The names of some top-scoring students will be published in the Euclid Results on our Web site, http://www.cemc.uwaterloo.ca.

- NOTES: 1. Please read the instructions on the front cover of this booklet.
 - 2. Write all answers in the answer booklet provided.
 - 3. For questions marked " ?", full marks will be given for a correct answer placed in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. If an incorrect answer is given, marks may be given for work shown. Students are strongly encouraged to show their work.
 - 4. All calculations and answers should be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
 - (a) If the point (a 1, a + 1) lies on the line y = 2x 3, what is the value of a?

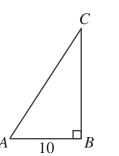
(b) In the diagram, a line is drawn through points P, Q and R. If PQ = QR, what are the coordinates of R?

(c) In the diagram, OA = 15, OP = 9 and PB = 4. Determine the equation of the line through A and B. Explain how you got your

answer.



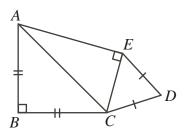
(a) In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is right-angled at B and AB = 10. If $\cos(\angle BAC) = \frac{5}{13}$, what is the value of $\tan(\angle ACB)$?



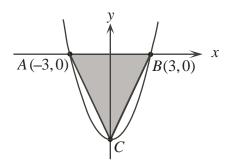


2.

- (b) Suppose $0^{\circ} < x < 90^{\circ}$ and $2\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = \frac{25}{16}$. What is the value of $\sin x$?
- (c) In the diagram, $AB = BC = 2\sqrt{2}$, CD = DE, $\angle CDE = 60^{\circ}$, and $\angle EAB = 75^{\circ}$. Determine the perimeter of figure ABCDE. Explain how you got your answer.



- (a) The first term of a sequence is 2007. Each term, starting with the second, is the sum of the cubes of the digits of the previous term. What is the 2007th term?
- (b) Sequence A has nth term n² 10n + 70. (The first three terms of sequence A are 61, 54, 49.) Sequence B is an arithmetic sequence with first term 5 and common difference 10. (The first three terms of sequence B are 5, 15, 25.) Determine all n for which the nth term of sequence A is equal to the nth term of sequence B. Explain how you got your answer.
 - (a) Determine all values of x for which $2 + \sqrt{x-2} = x 2$.
 - (b) In the diagram, the parabola intersects the x-axis at A(-3,0) and B(3,0) and has its vertex at C below the x-axis. The area of $\triangle ABC$ is 54. Determine the equation of the parabola. Explain how you got your answer.

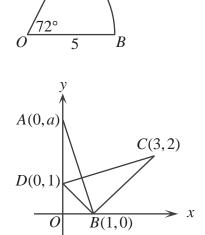


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- (a) In the diagram, a sector of a circle with centre O and radius 5 is shown. What is the perimeter of the sector?
- (b) In the diagram, A(0, a) lies on the y-axis above D. If the triangles AOB and BCDhave the same area, determine the value of a. Explain how you got your answer.



A

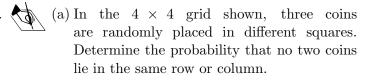
(a) The Little Prince lives on a spherical planet which has a radius of 24 km and centre O. He hovers in a helicopter (H) at a height of 2 km above the surface of the planet. From his position in the helicopter, what is the distance, in kilometres, to the furthest point on the surface of the planet that he can see?

(b) In the diagram, points A and B are located on islands in a river full of rabid aquatic goats. Determine the distance from A to B, to the nearest metre. (Luckily, someone has measured the angles shown in the diagram as well as the distances CD and DE.)

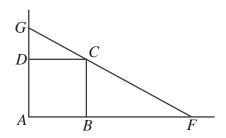
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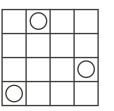
(a) Determine all values of x for which $(\sqrt{x})^{\log_{10} x} = 100.$

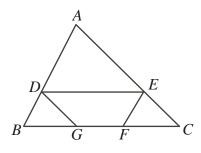
(b) In the diagram, line segment FCG passes through vertex C of square ABCD, with F lying on AB extended and G lying on AD extended. Prove that $\frac{1}{AB} = \frac{1}{AF} + \frac{1}{AG}$.



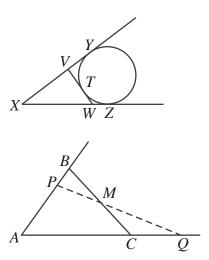
(b) In the diagram, the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 1. Trapezoid DEFG is constructed so that G is to the left of F, DE is parallel to BC, EF is parallel to AB and DG is parallel to AC. Determine the maximum possible area of trapezoid DEFG.

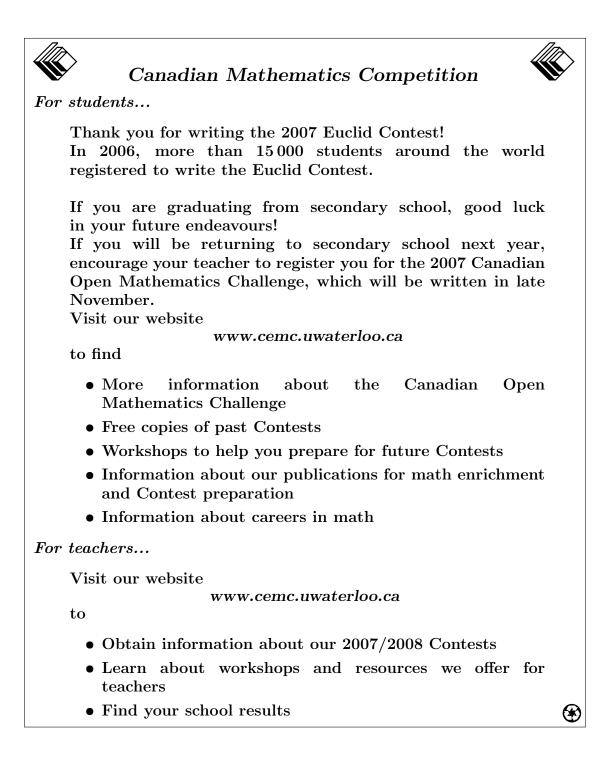


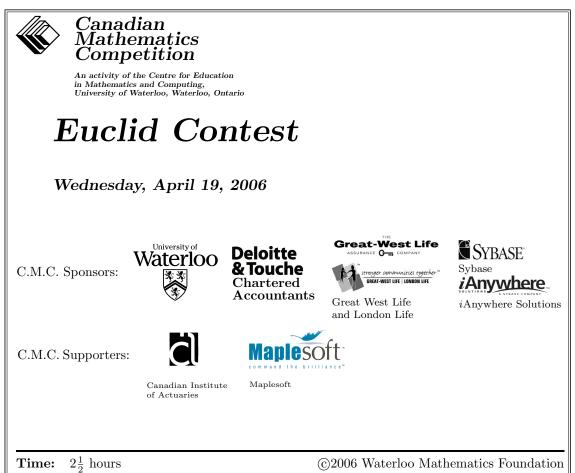




- 9. The parabola $y = f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$ has vertex P and the parabola $y = g(x) = -x^2 + dx + e$ has vertex Q, where P and Q are distinct points. The two parabolas also intersect at P and Q.
 - (a) Prove that 2(e-c) = bd.
 - (b) Prove that the line through P and Q has slope $\frac{1}{2}(b+d)$ and y-intercept $\frac{1}{2}(c+e)$.
- 10. (a) In the diagram, the circle is tangent to XY at Y and to XZ at Z. Point T is chosen on the minor arc YZ and a tangent to the circle is drawn at T, cutting XY at V and XZ at W. Prove that the perimeter of $\triangle VXW$ is independent of the position of T.
 - (b) In the diagram, AB = 10, BC = 14, AC = 16, and M is the midpoint of BC. Various lines can be drawn through M, cutting AB (possibly extended) at P and AC (possibly extended) at Q. Determine, with proof, the minimum possible perimeter of $\triangle APQ$.







Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphic displays.

Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so. The paper consists of 10 questions, each worth 10 marks. Parts of each question can be of two types. **SHORT ANSWER** parts are worth 2 marks each (questions 1-2) or 3 marks each (questions 3-7). **FULL SOLUTION** parts are worth the remainder of the 10 marks for the question.

Instructions for SHORT ANSWER parts:

1. **SHORT ANSWER** parts are indicated like this:



2. Enter the answer in the appropriate box in the answer booklet.

For these questions, full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box. Part marks will be awarded **only if relevant work** is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.

Instructions for FULL SOLUTION parts:

- 1. FULL SOLUTION parts are indicated like this:
- 2. Finished solutions must be written in the appropriate location in the answer booklet. Rough work should be done separately. If you require extra pages for your finished solutions, foolscap will be supplied by your supervising teacher. Insert these pages into your answer booklet. Be sure to write your name, school name and question number on any inserted pages.
- 3. Marks are awarded for completeness, clarity, and style of presentation. A correct solution poorly presented will not earn full marks.

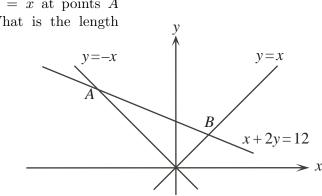
NOTE: At the completion of the Contest, insert the information sheet inside the answer booklet.

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 - 3. For questions marked " ?", full marks will be given for a correct answer placed in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. If an incorrect answer is given, marks may be given for work shown. Students are strongly encouraged to show their work.
 - 4. All calculations and answers should be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
 - (a) What is the sum of the x-intercept and the y-intercept of the line 3x 3y = 24?
 - (b) If the lines px = 12 and 2x + qy = 10 intersect at (1, 1), what is the value of p + q?
 - (c) In the diagram, the line x+2y = 12 intersects the lines y = -x and y = x at points Aand B, respectively. What is the length of AB?

1.

2.

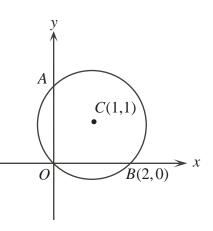
3.



- (a) The average of the digits of the integer 46 is 5. Including 46, how many two-digit positive integers have the average of their digits equal to 5?
 - (b) When a decimal point is placed between the digits of the two-digit integer n, the resulting number is equal to the average of the digits of n. What is the value of n?
 - (c) The average of three positive integers is 28. When two additional integers, s and t, are included, the average of all five integers is 34. What is the average of s and t?
 - (a) Determine the coordinates of the vertex of the parabola y = (x 20)(x 22).
 - (b) Point A is the vertex of the parabola $y = x^2 + 2$, point B is the vertex of the parabola $y = x^2 6x + 7$, and O is the origin. Determine the area of $\triangle OAB$.
 - (a) In the diagram, the rectangle is divided into nine smaller rectangles. The areas of five of these rectangles are given. Determine the area of the rectangle labelled R.

| 3 | 1 | |
|---|---|----|
| | 2 | R |
| 5 | | 10 |

(b) In the diagram, the circle with centre C(1,1)passes through the point O(0,0), intersects the *y*-axis at *A*, and intersects the *x*-axis at B(2,0). Determine, with justification, the coordinates of *A* and the area of the part of the circle that lies in the first quadrant.

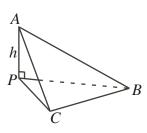


- (a) If a is chosen randomly from the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and b is chosen randomly from the set $\{6, 7, 8\}$, what is the probability that a^b is an even number?
- (b) A bag contains some blue and some green hats. On each turn, Julia removes one hat without looking, with each hat in the bag being equally likely to be chosen. If it is green, she adds a blue hat into the bag from her supply of extra hats, and if it is blue, she adds a green hat to the bag. The bag initially contains 4 blue hats and 2 green hats. What is the probability that the bag again contains 4 blue hats and 2 green hats after two turns?
- (a) Suppose that, for some angles x and y,

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 y = \frac{3}{2}a$$
$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 y = \frac{1}{2}a^2$$

Determine the possible value(s) of a.

(b) Survivors on a desert island find a piece of plywood (ABC) in the shape of an equilateral triangle with sides of length 2 m. To shelter their goat from the sun, they place edge BC on the ground, lift corner A, and put in a vertical post PA which is h m long above ground. When the sun is directly overhead, the shaded region $(\triangle PBC)$ on the ground directly underneath the plywood is an isosceles triangle with largest angle $(\angle BPC)$ equal to 120°. Determine the value of h, to the nearest centimetre.



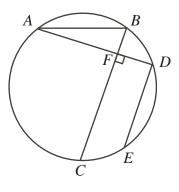
- (a) The sequence 2, 5, 10, 50, 500, \ldots is formed so that each term after the second is the product of the two previous terms. The 15th term ends with exactly k zeroes. What is the value of k?
- (b) Suppose that a, b, c are three consecutive terms in an arithmetic sequence. Prove that $a^2 bc, b^2 ac$, and $c^2 ab$ are also three consecutive terms in an arithmetic sequence.

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7 is an arithmetic sequence with three terms.)

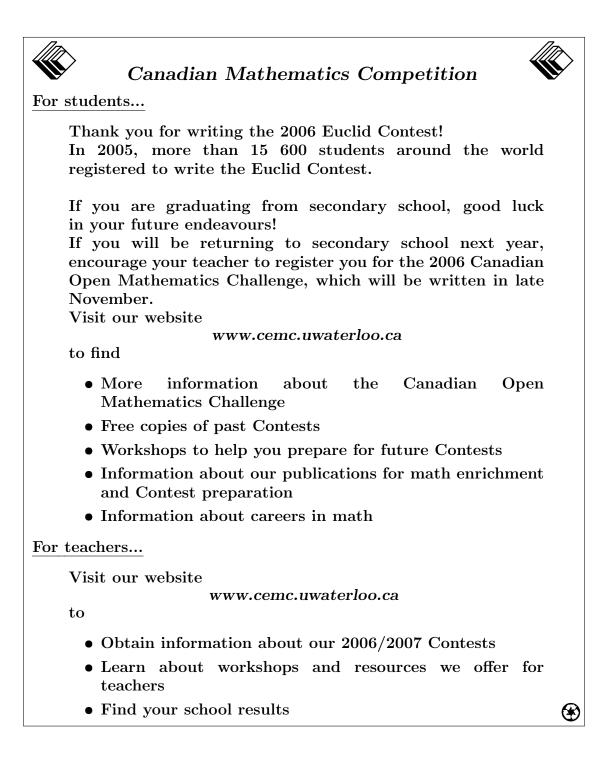
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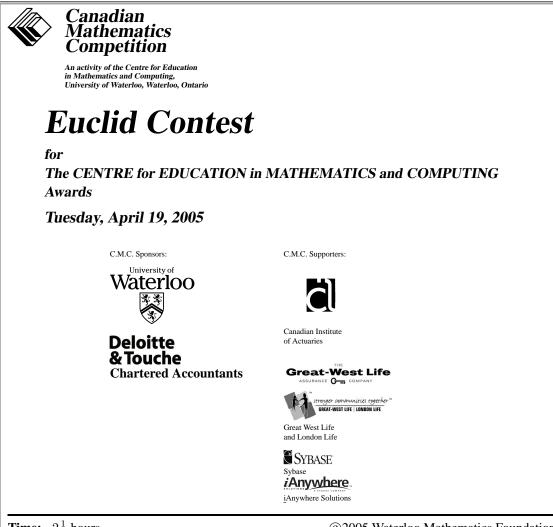
7.

- 8. (a) If $\log_2 x 2\log_2 y = 2$, determine y as a function of x, and sketch a graph of this function on the axes in the answer booklet.
 - (b) In the diagram, AB and BC are chords of the circle with AB < BC. If D is the point on the circle such that AD is perpendicular to BC and E is the point on the circle such that DE is parallel to BC, carefully prove, explaining all steps, that $\angle EAC + \angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$.



- 9. Define $f(x) = \sin^6 x + \cos^6 x + k \left(\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x \right)$ for some real number k.
 - (a) Determine all real numbers k for which f(x) is constant for all values of x.
 - (b) If k = -0.7, determine all solutions to the equation f(x) = 0.
 - (c) Determine all real numbers k for which there exists a real number c such that f(c) = 0.
- 10. Points A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_N are equally spaced around the circumference of a circle and $N \ge 3$. Three of these points are selected at random and a triangle is formed using these points as its vertices.
 - (a) If N = 7, what is the probability that the triangle is acute? (A triangle is acute if each of its three interior angles is less than 90°.)
 - (b) If N = 2k for some positive integer $k \ge 2$, determine the probability that the triangle is acute.
 - (c) If N = 2k for some positive integer $k \ge 2$, determine all possible values of k for which the probability that the triangle is acute can be written in the form $\frac{a}{2007}$ for some positive integer a.





Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

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Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphics displays.

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Instructions for SHORT ANSWER parts:

1. SHORT ANSWER parts are indicated like this:



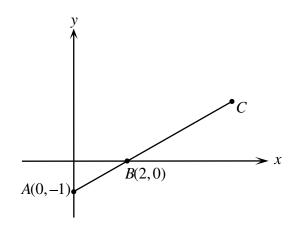
2. Enter the answer in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. For these questions, full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box. Part marks will be awarded **only if relevant work** is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.

Instructions for FULL SOLUTION parts:

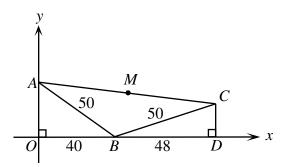
- 1. FULL SOLUTION parts are indicated like this:
- Finished solutions must be written in the appropriate location in the answer booklet. Rough work should be done separately. If you require extra pages for your finished solutions, foolscap will be supplied by your supervising teacher. Insert these pages into your answer booklet. Be sure to write your name on any inserted pages.
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 - 4. All calculations and answers should be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
 - (a) If the point (a, a) lies on the line 3x y = 10, what is the value of a?
 - (b) In the diagram, points A, B and C lie on a line such that BC = 2AB. What are the coordinates of C?



(c) In the diagram, triangles AOB and CDB are right-angled and M is the midpoint of AC.
 What are the coordinates of M?



2.

3.

1.

(a) If y = 2x + 3 and 4y = 5x + 6, what is the value of x?

(b) If a, b and c are numbers such that

$$-3b + 7c = -10$$
$$b - 2c = 3$$
$$a + 2b - 5c = 13$$

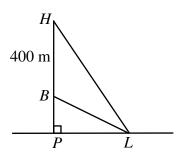
what is the value of a?

(c) John and Mary wrote the Euclid Contest. Two times John's score was 60 more than Mary's score. Two times Mary's score was 90 more than John's score. Determine the average of their two scores.

(a) If
$$2^x = 2(16^{12}) + 2(8^{16})$$
, what is the value of x?

(b) If f(x) = 2x - 1, determine all real values of x such that $(f(x))^2 - 3f(x) + 2 = 0$.

- (a) Six tickets numbered 1 through 6 are placed in a box. Two tickets are randomly selected and removed together. What is the probability that the smaller of the two numbers on the tickets selected is less than or equal to 4?
- (b) A helicopter hovers at point H, directly above point P on level ground. Lloyd sits on the ground at a point L where $\angle HLP = 60^{\circ}$. A ball is droppped from the helicopter. When the ball is at point B, 400 m directly below the helicopter, $\angle BLP = 30^{\circ}$. What is the distance between Land P?

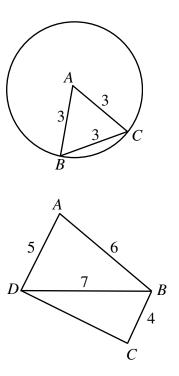


- (a) A goat starts at the origin (0,0) and then makes several moves. On move 1, it travels 1 unit up to (0,1). On move 2, it travels 2 units right to (2,1). On move 3, it travels 3 units down to (2,-2). On move 4, it travels 4 units to (-2,-2). It continues in this fashion, so that on move n, it turns 90° in a clockwise direction from its previous heading and travels n units in this new direction. After n moves, the goat has travelled a total of 55 units. Determine the coordinates of its position at this time.
 - (b) Determine all possible values of r such that the three term geometric sequence 4, 4r, $4r^2$ is also an arithmetic sequence.

(An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 is an arithmetic sequence.)



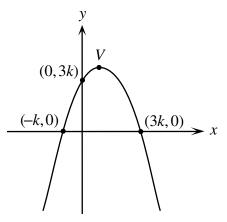
- (a) Equilateral triangle ABC has side length 3, with vertices B and C on a circle of radius 3, as shown. The triangle is then rotated clockwise inside the circle: first about C until A reaches the circle, and then about A until B reaches the circle, and so on. Eventually the triangle returns to its original position and stops. What is the total distance travelled by the point B?
- (b) In the diagram, ABCD is a quadrilateral in which $\angle A + \angle C = 180^{\circ}$. What is the length of CD?



- (a) If $f(x) = \sin^2 x 2\sin x + 2$, what are the minimum and maximum values of f(x)?
 - (b) In the diagram, the parabola

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}(x-r)(x-s)$$

intersects the axes at three points. The vertex of this parabola is the point V. Determine the value of k and the coordinates of V.



6.

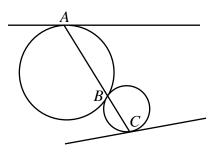
8. (a) A function is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 & \text{if } x < -4 \\ -x & \text{if } -4 \le x \le 5 \\ -5 & \text{if } x > 5 \end{cases}$$

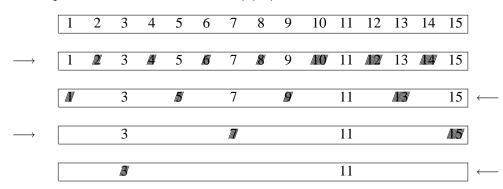
On the grid in the answer booklet, sketch the graph $g(x) = \sqrt{25 - [f(x)]^2}$. State the shape of each portion of the graph.



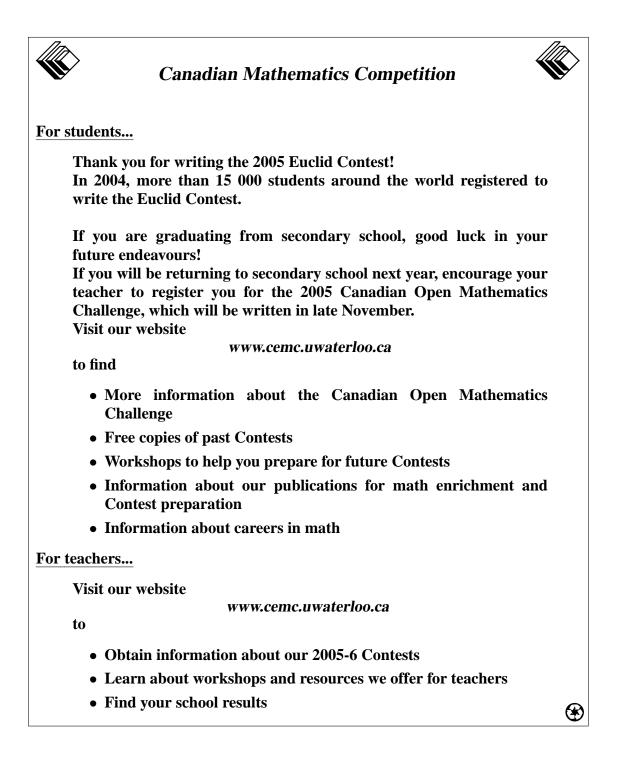
(b) In the diagram, two circles are tangent to each other at point B. A straight line is drawn through B cutting the two circles at A and C, as shown. Tangent lines are drawn to the circles at A and C. Prove that these two tangent lines are parallel.



- 9. The circle (x p)² + y² = r² has centre C and the circle x² + (y p)² = r² has centre D. The circles intersect at two *distinct* points A and B, with x-coordinates a and b, respectively.
 (a) Prove that a + b = p and a² + b² = r².
 - (b) If r is fixed and p is then found to maximize the area of quadrilateral CADB, prove that either A or B is the origin.
 - (c) If p and r are integers, determine the minimum possible distance between A and B. Find positive integers p and r, each larger than 1, that give this distance.
 - A school has a row of n open lockers, numbered 1 through n. After arriving at school one day, Josephine starts at the beginning of the row and closes every second locker until reaching the end of the row, as shown in the example below. Then on her way back, she closes every second locker that is still open. She continues in this manner along the row, until only one locker remains open. Define f(n) to be the number of the last open locker. For example, if there are 15 lockers, then f(15) = 11 as shown below:



- (a) Determine f(50).
- (b) Prove that there is no positive integer n such that f(n) = 2005.
- (c) Prove that there are infinitely many positive integers n such that f(n) = f(2005).





Canadian Mathematics Competition

An activity of The Centre for Education in Mathematics and Computing, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario

Euclid Contest

for

The CENTRE for EDUCATION in MATHEMATICS and COMPUTING

Awards

Wednesday, April 14, 2004

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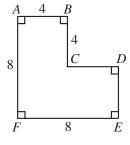
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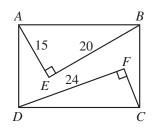
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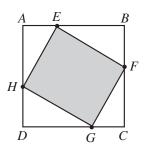
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 - 4. It is expected that all calculations and answers will be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
- 1. (a) In the diagram, what is the area of figure *ABCDEF*?









AE = 15, EB = 20 and DF = 24. What is the length of *CF*?

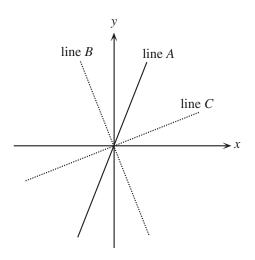
(b) In the diagram, *ABCD* is a rectangle with

- (c)
- In the diagram, ABCD is a square of side length 6. Points E, F, G, and H are on AB, BC, CD, and DA, respectively, so that the ratios AE:EB, BF:FC, CG:GD, and DH:HA are all equal to 1:2. What is the area of *EFGH*?



2. (a) A horizontal line has the same *y*-intercept as the line 3x - y = 6. What is the equation of this horizontal line?

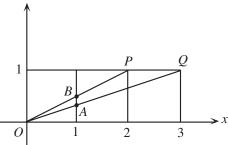
(b) In the diagram, line A has equation y = 2x. Line *B* is obtained by reflecting line *A* in the y-axis. Line C is perpendicular to line B. What is the slope of line *C*?





0

Three squares, each of side length 1, are drawn side by side in the first quadrant, as shown. Lines are drawn from the origin to *P* and *Q*. Determine, with explanation, the length of *AB*.

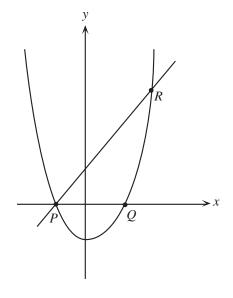


y

- 3. (a) In an arithmetic sequence with five terms, the sum of the first two terms is 2 and the sum of the last two terms is -18. What is the third term of this sequence? (An *arithmetic sequence* is a sequence in which each term after the first is obtained from the previous term by adding a constant. For example, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 is an arithmetic sequence with five terms.)
 - (b) If $x y = 4\sqrt{2}$ and xy = 56, determine the two possible values of x + y.
- 4. (a) Two fair dice, each having six faces numbered 1 to 6, are thrown. What is the probability that the *product* of the two numbers on the top faces is divisible by 5?
 - (b) If $f(x) = x^2 x + 2$, g(x) = ax + b, and $f(g(x)) = 9x^2 3x + 2$, determine all possible ordered pairs (a, b) which satisfy this relationship.
- 5. (a) If $16^x = 2^{x+5} 2^{x+4}$, determine the value of *x*.
 - (b)

In the diagram, the parabola with equation $y = x^2 + tx - 2$ intersects the *x*-axis at points *P* and *Q*.

Also, the line with equation y = 3x + 3intersects the parabola at points *P* and *R*. Determine the value of *t* and the area of triangle *PQR*.



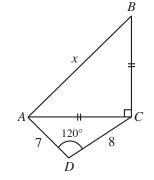
- 6. (a) Lori has a loonie, three quarters, three dimes, three nickels, and five pennies. She wishes to purchase a toy helicopter for exactly \$1.34. What is the maximum number of coins that she can use to make the purchase? (In Canada, a loonie is worth \$1.00, a quarter is worth \$0.25, a dime is worth \$0.10, a nickel is worth \$0.05, and a penny is worth \$0.01.)
 - Digital images consist of a very large number of equally spaced dots called *pixels*. (b) The *resolution* of an image is the number of pixels/cm in each of the horizontal and vertical directions.

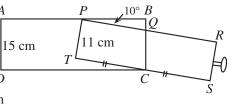
Thus, an image with dimensions 10 cm by 15 cm and a resolution of 75 pixels/cm has a total of $(10 \times 75) \times (15 \times 75) = 843750$ pixels.

If each of these dimensions was increased by n % and the resolution was decreased by n %, the image would have 345 600 pixels.

Determine the value of *n*.

7. (a) In the diagram, AC = BC, AD = 7, DC = 8, and $\angle ADC = 120^{\circ}$. What is the value of x?





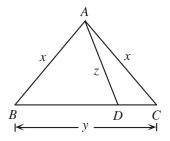


- (b) In the diagram, a drawer, *PRST*, that is 11 cm A high is in a long slot, ABCD, which is 15 cm high. The drawer is pulled out so that the midpoint of its base rests at C. The drawer is tilted so that the top back edge of the drawer Dtouches the top of the slot. If the angle between the drawer and the slot is 10° , determine the length of the drawer, to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.
- 8. (a) If $T = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$, determine the values of b and c so that $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} = T^3 + bT + c$ for all non-zero real numbers x.

(b) If
$$x$$
 is

a real number satisfying
$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = 2\sqrt{5}$$
, determine the exact value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

- 9. A *Kirk triplet* is a triple (x, y, z) of integers such that:
 - i) x > z,
 - ii) z is a prime number, and
 - iii) there is a triangle ABC with AB = AC = x, BC = y, and a point D on BC such that AD = zand $\angle ADB = 60^{\circ}$.
 - (a) Find the Kirk triplet with x = 7 and z = 5.
 - (b) Determine all other Kirk triplets with z = 5.
 - (c) Determine the Kirk triplet for which $cos(\angle ABC)$ is as close to 0.99 as possible.



- 10. A *Skolem sequence* of order *n* is a sequence $(s_1, s_2, ..., s_{2n})$ of 2*n* integers satisfying the conditions:
 - i) for every k in $\{1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$, there exist exactly two elements s_i and s_j with $s_i = s_j = k$, and

ii) if $s_i = s_j = k$ with i < j, then j - i = k.

- For example, (4, 2, 3, 2, 4, 3, 1, 1) is a Skolem sequence of order 4.
- (a) List all Skolem sequences of order 4.
- (b) Determine, with justification, all Skolem sequences of order 9 which satisfy all of the following three conditions:
 - I) $s_3 = 1$,
 - II) $s_{18} = 8$, and
 - III) between any two equal even integers, there is exactly one odd integer.
- (c) Prove that there is no Skolem sequence of order *n*, if *n* is of the form 4k + 2 or 4k + 3, where *k* is a non-negative integer.



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Canadian Mathematics Competition

An activity of The Centre for Education in Mathematics and Computing, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario

Euclid Contest (Grade 12)

for

The CENTRE for EDUCATION in MATHEMATICS and COMPUTING

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Tuesday, April 15, 2003

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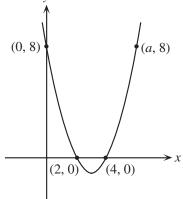
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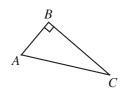
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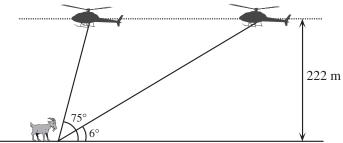
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- 1. (a) In the diagram, the parabola cuts the *y*-axis at the point (0, 8), cuts the *x*-axis at the points (2, 0) and (4, 0), and passes through the point (a, 8). What is the value of *a*?



- (b) The quadratic equation $x^2 + 6x + k = 0$ has two equal roots. What is the value of k?
- (c) The line y = 2x + 2 intersects the parabola $y = x^2 3x + c$ at two points. One of these points is (1, 4). Determine the coordinates of the second point of intersection.
- 2. (a) If $0^{\circ} < x < 90^{\circ}$ and $3\sin(x) \cos(15^{\circ}) = 0$, what is the value of x to the nearest tenth of a degree?
 - (b) In the diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is right-angled at *B* and AC = 20. If $\sin C = \frac{3}{5}$, what is the length of side *BC*?



(c) A helicopter is flying due west over level ground at a constant altitude of 222 m and at a constant speed. A lazy, stationary goat, which is due west of the helicopter, takes two measurements of the angle between the ground and the helicopter. The first measurement the goat makes is 6° and the second measurement, which he makes 1 minute later, is 75°. If the helicopter has not yet passed over the goat, as shown, how fast is the helicopter travelling to the nearest kilometre per hour?



3. (a) The function f(x) has the property that f(2x+3) = 2f(x) + 3 for all x. If f(0) = 6, what is the value of f(9)?



Suppose that the functions f(x) and g(x) satisfy the system of equations

$$f(x) + 3g(x) = x^{2} + x + 6$$
$$2f(x) + 4g(x) = 2x^{2} + 4$$

for all x. Determine the values of x for which f(x) = g(x).

- 4. (a) In a short-track speed skating event, there are five finalists including two Canadians. The first three skaters to finish the race win a medal. If all finalists have the same chance of finishing in any position, what is the probability that neither Canadian wins a medal?
 - (b)

Determine the number of positive integers less than or equal to 300 that are multiples of 3 or 5, but are not multiples of 10 or 15.

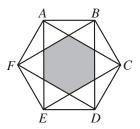
- 5. (a) In the series of odd numbers 1+3+5-7-9-11+13+15+17-19-21-23... the signs alternate every three terms, as shown. What is the sum of the first 300 terms of the series?
 - (b) A two-digit number has the property that the square of its tens digit plus ten times its units digit equals the square of its units digit plus ten times its tens digit. Determine all two-digit numbers which have this property, and are prime numbers.
- 6. (a) A lead box contains samples of two radioactive isotopes of iron. Isotope A decays so that after every 6 minutes, the number of atoms remaining is halved. Initially, there are twice as many atoms of isotope A as of isotope B, and after 24 minutes there are the same number of atoms of each isotope. How long does it take the number of atoms of isotope B to halve?



Solve the system of equations:

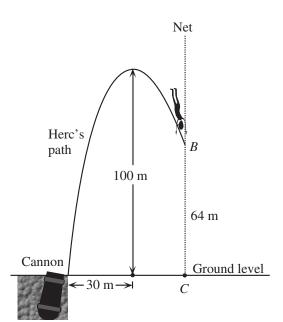
$$\log_{10}(x^{3}) + \log_{10}(y^{2}) = 11$$
$$\log_{10}(x^{2}) - \log_{10}(y^{3}) = 3$$

7. (a) A regular hexagon is a six-sided figure which has all of its angles equal and all of its side lengths equal. In the diagram, *ABCDEF* is a regular hexagon with an area of 36. The region common to the equilateral triangles *ACE* and *BDF* is a hexagon, which is shaded as shown. What is the area of the shaded hexagon?

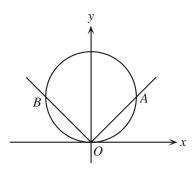




At the Big Top Circus, Herc the Human Cannonball is fired out of the cannon at ground level. (For the safety of the spectators, the cannon is partially buried in the sand floor.) Herc's trajectory is a parabola until he catches the vertical safety net, on his way down, at point *B*. Point *B* is 64 m directly above point *C* on the floor of the tent. If Herc reaches a maximum height of 100 m, directly above a point 30 m from the cannon, determine the horizontal distance from the cannon to the net.



(a) A circle with its centre on the *y*-axis intersects the graph of y = |x| at the origin, *O*, and exactly two other distinct points, *A* and *B*, as shown. Prove that the ratio of the area of triangle *ABO* to the area of the circle is always $1 : \pi$.



0

М

R

In the diagram, triangle *ABC* has a right angle at *B* and *M* is the midpoint of *BC*. A circle is drawn using *BC* as its diameter. *P* is the point of intersection of the circle with *AC*. The tangent to the circle at *P* cuts *AB* at *Q*. Prove that *QM* is parallel to *AC*.

9. Cyclic quadrilateral *ABCD* has AB = AD = 1, $CD = \cos \angle ABC$, and $\cos \angle BAD = -\frac{1}{3}$. Prove that *BC* is a diameter of the circumscribed circle.

(b)

10. A positive integer *n* is called "savage" if the integers $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$ can be partitioned into three sets *A*, *B* and *C* such that

- i) the sum of the elements in each of A, B, and C is the same,
- ii) A contains only odd numbers,
- iii) B contains only even numbers, and
- iv) C contains every multiple of 3 (and possibly other numbers).
- (a) Show that 8 is a savage integer.
- (b) Prove that if *n* is an even savage integer, then $\frac{n+4}{12}$ is an integer.
- (c) Determine all even savage integers less than 100.

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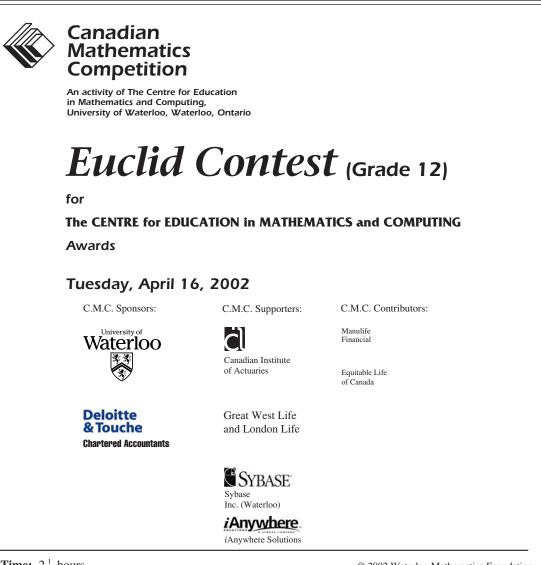












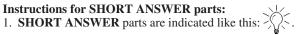
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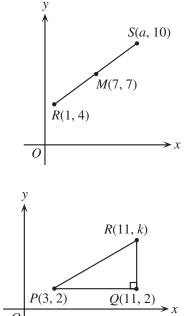
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- 1. (a) If M(7,7) is the midpoint of the line segment which joins R(1,4) and S(a,10), what is the value of a?



(b) In the diagram, points P(3,2), Q(11,2) and R(11,k) form a triangle with area 24, where k > 0. What is the value of k?

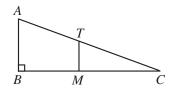
(c) Lines are *concurrent* if they each pass through the same point. The lines y = 2x + 3, y = 8x + 15, and y = 5x + b are concurrent. What is the value of b?

- 2. (a) The quadratic equation $x^2 3x + c = 0$ has x = 4 as one of its roots. What is its second root?
 - (b) The rational expression $\frac{2x^2+1}{x^2-3}$ may be written as $2 + \frac{A}{x^2-3}$, where A is an integer. What is the value of A?
 - (c) The parabola $y = x^2 4x + 3$ is translated 5 units to the right. In this new position, the equation of the parabola is $y = x^2 14x + d$. Determine the value of d.
- 3. $\langle c \rangle$ (a) Three bins are labelled A, B and C, and each bin contains four balls numbered 1, 2, 3, and 4. The balls in each bin are mixed, and then a student chooses one ball at random from each of the bins. If *a*, *b* and *c* are the numbers on the balls chosen from bins A, B and C, respectively, the student wins a toy helicopter when a = b + c. There are 64 ways to choose the three balls. What is the probability that the student wins the prize?

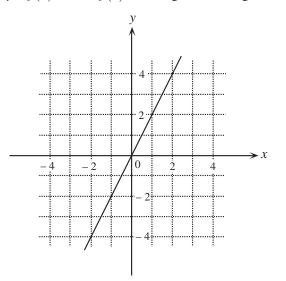


Three positive integers a, ar and ar^2 form an increasing sequence. If the product of the three integers in this sequence is 216, determine all sequences satisfying the given conditions.

4. \swarrow (a) In the diagram, triangle *ABC* is right-angled at *B*. *MT* is the perpendicular bisector of *BC* with *M* on *BC* and *T* on *AC*. If *AT* = *AB*, what is the size of $\angle ACB$?



(b) The graph of y = f(x), where f(x) = 2x, is given on the grid below.



(i) On the grid in the answer booklet, draw and label the graphs of the inverse function $y = f^{-1}(x)$ and the reciprocal function $y = \frac{1}{f(x)}$.

(ii) State the coordinates of the points where
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{f(x)}$$
.

(iii) Determine the numerical value of
$$f^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}\right)$$
.

5. (a) What are all values of x such that $\log_5(x+3) + \log_5(x-1) = 1$?



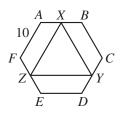
A chef aboard a luxury liner wants to cook a goose. The time *t* in hours to cook a goose at 180°C depends on the mass of the goose *m* in kilograms according to the formula $t = am^{b}$

where a and b are constants. The table below gives the times observed to cook a goose at 180° C.

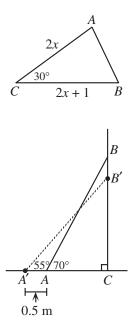
| Mass, m (kg) | Time, t (h) |
|--------------|---------------|
| 3.00 | 2.75 |
| 6.00 | 3.75 |

- (i) Using the data in the table, determine both *a* and *b* to two decimal places.
- (ii) Suppose that the chef wants to cook a goose with a mass of 8.00 kg at 180°C. How long will it take until his goose is cooked?

6. (a) In the diagram, ABCDEF is a regular hexagon with a side length of 10. If *X*, *Y* and *Z* are the midpoints of *AB*, *CD* and *EF*, respectively, what is the length of *XZ*?



- (b) A circle passes through the origin and the points of intersection of the parabolas $y = x^2 3$ and $y = -x^2 - 2x + 9$. Determine the coordinates of the centre of this circle.
- 7. (a) In the diagram, AC = 2x, BC = 2x + 1 and $\angle ACB = 30^{\circ}$. If the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 18, what is the value of x?
 - (b) A ladder, AB, is positioned so that its bottom sits on horizontal ground and its top rests against a vertical wall, as shown. In this initial position, the ladder makes an angle of 70° with the horizontal. The bottom of the ladder is then pushed 0.5 m away from the wall, moving the ladder to position A'B'. In this new position, the ladder makes an angle of 55° with the horizontal. Calculate, to the nearest centimetre, the distance that the ladder slides down the wall (that is, the length of BB').



(a) In a soccer league with 5 teams, each team plays 20 games (that is, 5 games with each of the other 4 teams). For each team, every game ends in a win (W), a loss (L), or a tie (T). The numbers of wins, losses and ties for each team at the end of the season are shown in the table. Determine the values of *x*, *y* and *z*.

| Team | W | L | Т |
|------|----|----|---|
| А | 2 | 15 | 3 |
| В | 7 | 9 | 4 |
| С | 6 | 12 | 2 |
| D | 10 | 8 | 2 |
| Е | x | у | z |



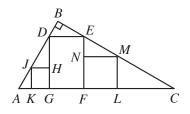
Prove that it is not possible to create a sequence of 4 numbers *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, such that the sum of any two consecutive terms is positive, and the sum of any three consecutive terms is negative.

R

8.



In triangle *ABC*, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$. Rectangle *DEFG* is inscribed in $\triangle ABC$, as shown. Squares *JKGH* and *MLFN* are inscribed in $\triangle AGD$ and $\triangle CFE$, respectively. If the side length of *JHGK* is *v*, the side length of *MLFN* is *w*, and *DG* = *u*, prove that u = v + w.



- (b) Three thin metal rods of lengths 9, 12 and 15 are welded together to form a right-angled triangle, which is held in a horizontal position. A solid sphere of radius 5 rests in the triangle so that it is tangent to each of the three sides. Assuming that the thickness of the rods can be neglected, how high above the plane of the triangle is the top of the sphere?
- 10. A triangle is called *Heronian* if each of its side lengths is an integer and its area is also an integer. A triangle is called *Pythagorean* if it is right-angled and each of its side lengths is an integer.
 - (a) Show that every Pythagorean triangle is Heronian.
 - (b) Show that every odd integer greater than 1 is a side length of some Pythagorean triangle.
 - (c) Find a Heronian triangle which has all side lengths different, and no side length divisible by 3, 5, 7 or 11.



PUBLICATIONS

Students and parents who enjoy solving problems for fun and recreation may find the following publications of interest. They are an excellent resource for enrichment, problem solving and contest preparation.

COPIES OF PREVIOUS CONTESTS (WITH FULL SOLUTIONS)

Copies of previous contests, together with solutions, are available in a variety of packages, as described below. Please order by package number, and note that the number defines the competition and the number of papers included. Each package has two numbers. Numbers prefixed with E are English language supplies – Numbers prefixed with F are French language supplies. Each package is considered as one title.

(For copies of 1999 - 2001 contests and solutions, please see our website (http://www.cemc.uwaterloo.ca)).

Included is one copy of any one contest, together with solutions, for each of 1998, 1999, and 2000. Recommended for individuals.

| Gauss Contest (Grades 7, 8) | \$10.00 |
|--|---|
| Pascal, Cayley, Fermat Contests (Grades 9, 10, 11) | \$14.00 |
| Euclid Contest (Grade 12) | \$10.00 |
| Descartes Contest (Grade 13/OAC) | \$10.00 |
| | Pascal, Cayley, Fermat Contests (Grades 9, 10, 11) Euclid Contest (Grade 12) |

PROBLEMS PROBLEMS PROBLEMS BOOKS

Each volume is a collection of problems (multiple choice and full solution), grouped into 9 or more topics. Questions are selected from previous Canadian Mathematics Competition contests, and full solutions are provided for all questions. The price is \$15. (Available in English only, unless otherwise indicated.)

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|--|---|--|
| Volume 4 • over 325 problems and full solutions | Volume 5 • over 200 problems and full solu- tions | Volume 6 • over 300 problems and full solutions |

| • over 325 problems and full | • over 200 problems and full solu- | • over 300 problems and full |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| solutions | tions | solutions |
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PROBLEMS AND HOW TO SOLVE THEM - VOLUME 2

This new book continues the collection of problems available for senior level students. Included for each of the nine chapters is a discussion on solving problems, with suggested approaches. There are more than 160 new problems, almost all from Canadian Mathematics Competitions, with complete solutions. The price is \$20. (Available in English only.)

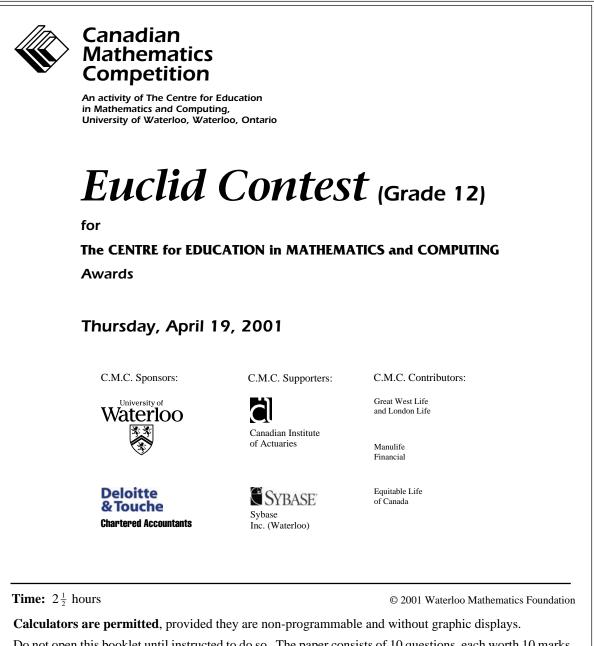
| Orders should be addressed to: | Canadian Mathematics Competition | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Faculty of Mathematics, Room 5181 | | |
| | University of Waterloo | | |
| | Waterloo, ON N2L 3G1 | | |
| | | | |

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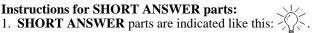
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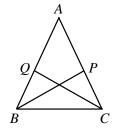
2. Enter the answer in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. For these questions, full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box. Part marks will be awarded only if relevant work is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.

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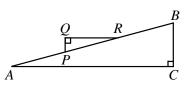
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 - 2. Place all answers in the answer booklet provided.
 - 3. For questions marked "¹/₂", full marks will be given for a correct answer placed in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. **Marks may be given for work shown**. Students are strongly encouraged to show their work.
 - 4. It is expected that all calculations and answers will be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
- 1. \Rightarrow (a) What are the values of x such that $(2x-3)^2 = 9$?
 - (b) If $f(x) = x^2 3x 5$, what are the values of k such that f(k) = k?
 - (c) Determine all (x, y) such that $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ and x y = 1.
- 2. $= (x-b)^2 + b + h$ has coordinates (2, 5). What is the value of h?

(b) In the isosceles triangle ABC, AB = AC and $\angle BAC = 40^{\circ}$. Point P is on AC such that BP is the bisector of $\angle ABC$. Similarly, Q is on AB such that CQ bisects $\angle ACB$. What is the size of $\angle APB$, in degrees?





In the diagram, AB = 300, PQ = 20, and QR = 100. Also, QR is parallel to AC. Determine the length of BC, to the nearest integer.





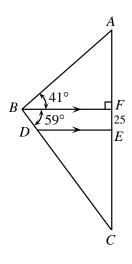
🔁 (b)

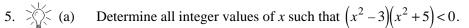
- In an increasing sequence of numbers with an odd number of terms, the difference between any two consecutive terms is a constant d, and the middle term is 302. When the last 4 terms are removed from the sequence, the middle term of the resulting sequence is 296. What is the value of d?
- There are two increasing sequences of five consecutive integers, each of which have the property that the sum of the squares of the first three integers in the sequence equals the sum of the squares of the last two. Determine these two sequences.

4. $f(t) = \sin\left(\pi t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, what is the smallest positive value of t at which f(t) attains its minimum value?

💫 (b)

In the diagram, $\angle ABF = 41^\circ$, $\angle CBF = 59^\circ$, *DE* is parallel to BF, and EF = 25. If AE = EC, determine the length of AE, to 2 decimal places.





At present, the sum of the ages of a husband and wife, P, is six times the sum of the ages of their children, C. Two years ago, the sum of the ages of the husband and wife was ten times the sum of the ages of the same children. Six years from now, it will be three times the sum of the ages of the same children. Determine the number of children.

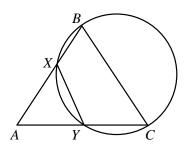
Four teams, A, B, C, and D, competed in a field hockey tournament. Three coaches predicted who would win the Gold, Silver and Bronze medals:

| Medal | Gold | Silver | Bronze | |
|-------|------|--------|--------|--|
| Team | | | | |

- Coach 1 predicted Gold for A, Silver for B, and Bronze for C,
- Coach 2 predicted Gold for B, Silver for C, and Bronze for D, •
- Coach 3 predicted Gold for C, Silver for A, and Bronze for D.

Each coach predicted exactly one medal winner correctly. Complete the table in the answer booklet to show which team won which medal.

In triangle ABC, AB = BC = 25 and AC = 30. The circle (b) with diameter BC intersects AB at X and AC at Y. Determine the length of XY.





6. 🔆 (a)

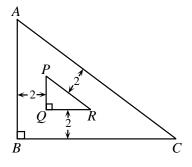
7. |x| = 2? (a) What is the value of x such that $\log_2(\log_2(2x-2)) = 2?$

(b) Let $f(x) = 2^{kx} + 9$, where k is a real number. If f(3): f(6) = 1:3, determine the value of f(9) - f(3).

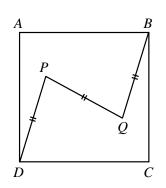
- 8. 🍋 (a)
- On the grid provided in the answer booklet, sketch $y = x^2 4$ and y = 2|x|.

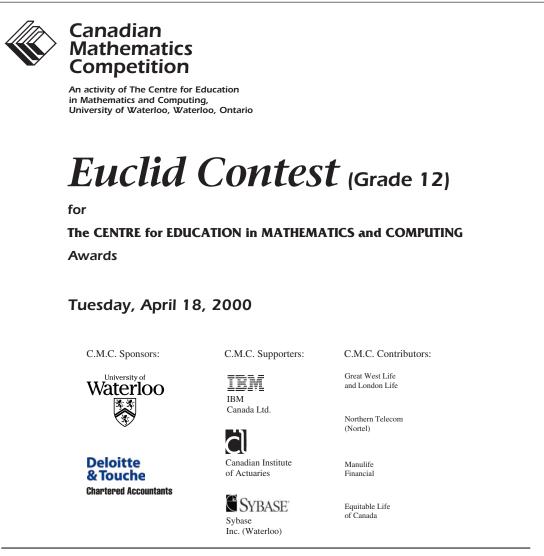


- Determine, with justification, all values of k for which $y = x^2 4$ and y = 2|x| + k do **not** intersect.
- (c) State the values of k for which $y = x^2 4$ and y = 2|x| + k intersect in exactly two points. (Justification is not required.)
- 9. Triangle *ABC* is right-angled at *B* and has side lengths which are integers. A second triangle, *PQR*, is located inside $\triangle ABC$ as shown, such that its sides are parallel to the sides of $\triangle ABC$ and the distance between parallel lines is 2. Determine the side lengths of all possible triangles *ABC*, such that the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 9 times that of $\triangle PQR$.



10. Points *P* and *Q* are located inside the square *ABCD* such that *DP* is parallel to *QB* and DP = QB = PQ. Determine the minimum possible value of $\angle ADP$.





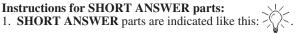
Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

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Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphic displays.

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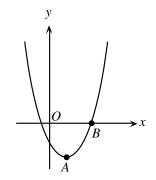
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 - 4. It is expected that all calculations and answers will be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
- 1. $= 125^{\frac{1}{3}}$ (a) If $x + 27^{\frac{1}{3}} = 125^{\frac{1}{3}}$, what is the value of x?

 - (b) The line y = ax + c is parallel to the line y = 2x and passes through the point (1, 5). What is the value of *c*?

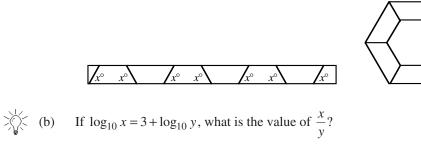
(c)

The parabola with equation

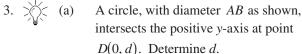
 $y = (x-2)^2 - 16$ has its vertex at A and intersects the x-axis at B, as shown. Determine the equation for the line passing through A and B.

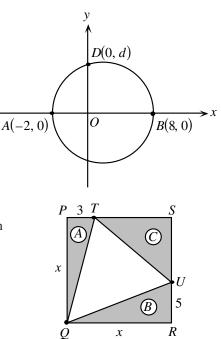


2. 🔆 (a) Six identical pieces are cut from a board, as shown in the diagram. The angle of each cut is x° . The pieces are assembled to form a hexagonal picture frame as shown. What is the value of *x*?



(c) If $x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{13}{6}$, determine all values of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$.







4. (a)

(b)

A square *PQRS* with side of length *x* is subdivided into four triangular regions as shown so that area (\overline{A}) + area (\overline{B}) = area (\overline{C}) . If PT = 3and RU = 5, determine the value of x.

A die, with the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 on its six faces, is rolled. After this roll, if an odd number appears on the top face, all odd numbers on the die are doubled. If an even number appears on the top face, all the even numbers are halved. If the given die changes in this way, what is the probability that a 2 will appear on the second roll of the die?

The table below gives the final standings for seven of the teams in the English Cricket League in 1998. At the end of the year, each team had played 17 matches and had obtained the total number of points shown in the last column. Each win W, each draw D, each bonus bowling point A, and each bonus batting point B received w, d, a and b points respectively, where w, d, a and b are positive integers. No points are given for a loss. Determine the values of w, d, a and b if total points awarded are given by the formula: Points = $w \times W + d \times D + a \times A + b \times B$.

| Final | Standings |
|-------|-----------|
| 1 mai | Standings |

| | W | Losses | D | Α | В | Points |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Sussex Warks Som Derbys Kent Worcs Glam | 6 6 6 5 4 4 | 7 8 7 5 6 6 | 4 3 4 7 7 7 | 30 35 30 28 18 32 36 | 63 60 54 55 59 59 55 | 201 200 192 191 178 176 176 |
| | | | | | | |

5.
$$\rightarrow$$
 (a)

In the diagram, AD = DC, $\sin \angle DBC = 0.6$ and $\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}$. What is the value of $\tan \angle ABC$?

A = D = C A(5.43, 3.39) O(0, 0) = C(6.40, 0.00)

(b)

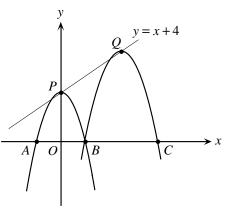
6. $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (a)$

(b)

On a cross-sectional diagram of the Earth, the x and y-axes are placed so that O(0, 0) is the centre of the Earth and C(6.40, 0.00) is the location of Cape Canaveral. A space shuttle is forced to land on an island at A(5.43, 3.39), as shown. Each unit represents 1 000 km. Determine the distance from Cape Canaveral to the island, measured on the surface of the earth, to the nearest 10 km.

Let $\lfloor x \rfloor$ represent the greatest integer which is less than or equal to *x*. For example, $\lfloor 3 \rfloor = 3$, $\lfloor 2.6 \rfloor = 2$. If *x* is positive and $x \lfloor x \rfloor = 17$, what is the value of *x*?

The parabola $y = -x^2 + 4$ has vertex *P* and intersects the *x*-axis at *A* and *B*. The parabola is translated from its original position so that its vertex moves along the line y = x + 4 to the point *Q*. In this position, the parabola intersects the *x*-axis at *B* and *C*. Determine the coordinates of *C*.

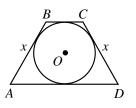


A cube has edges of length n, where n is an integer. Three faces, meeting at a corner, are painted red. The cube is then cut into n^3 smaller cubes of unit length. If exactly 125 of these cubes have no faces painted red, determine the value of n.



7. 🔆 (a)

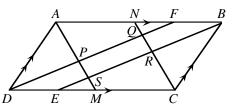
In the isosceles trapezoid *ABCD*, AB = CD = x. The area of the trapezoid is 80 and the circle with centre *O* and radius 4 is tangent to the four sides of the trapezoid. Determine the value of *x*.



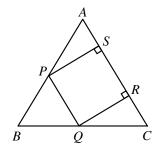


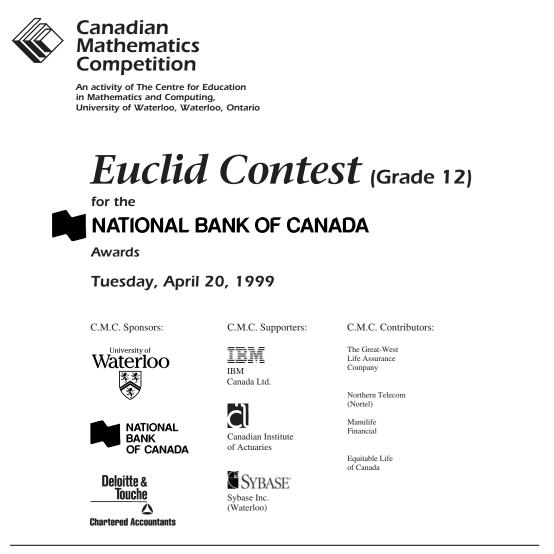
In parallelogram ABCD, AB = a and BC = b, where a > b. The points of intersection of the angle bisectors are the vertices of quadrilateral *PQRS*.

- (a) Prove that *PQRS* is a rectangle.
- (b) Prove that PR = a b.



- A permutation of the integers 1, 2, ..., *n* is a listing of these integers in some order. For example, (3, 1, 2) and (2, 1, 3) are two different permutations of the integers 1, 2, 3. A permutation $(a_1, a_2, ..., a_n)$ of the integers 1, 2, ..., *n* is said to be "fantastic" if $a_1 + a_2 + ... + a_k$ is divisible by *k*, for *each k* from 1 to *n*. For example, (3, 1, 2) is a fantastic permutation of 1, 2, 3 because 3 is divisible by 1, 3+1 is divisible by 2, and 3+1+2 is divisible by 3. However, (2, 1, 3) is not fantastic because 2+1 is not divisible by 2.
 - (a) Show that no fantastic permutation exists for n = 2000.
 - (b) Does a fantastic permutation exist for n = 2001? Explain.
- 10. An equilateral triangle ABC has side length 2. A square, PQRS, is such that P lies on AB, Q lies on BC, and Rand S lie on AC as shown. The points P, Q, R, and Smove so that P, Q and R always remain on the sides of the triangle and S moves from AC to AB through the interior of the triangle. If the points P, Q, R and S always form the vertices of a square, show that the path traced out by S is a straight line parallel to BC.





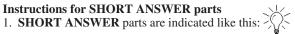
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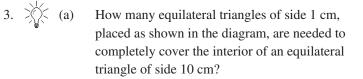
- NOTE: 1. Please read the instructions on the front cover of this booklet.
 - 2. Place all answers in the answer booklet provided.
 - 3. For questions marked " , full marks will be given for a correct answer which is to be placed in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. **Part marks will be given for work shown**. Students are strongly encouraged to show their work.
 - 4. It is expected that all calculations and answers will be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
- 1. (a) If $x^{-1} = 3^{-1} + 4^{-1}$, what is the value of x?
 - (b) If the point P(-3, 2) is on the line 3x + 7ky = 5, what is the value of k?

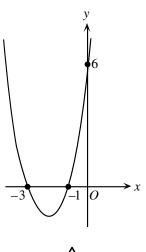
(c) If
$$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$
, determine all possible values of $1 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{6}{x^2}$.

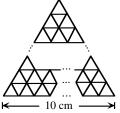
- 2. (a) The circle defined by the equation $(x+4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$ is moved horizontally until its centre is on the line x = 6. How far does the centre of the circle move?
 - (b) The parabola defined by the equation $y = (x-1)^2 4$ intersects the x-axis at the points P and Q. If (a, b) is the mid-point of the line segment PQ, what is the value of a?



Determine an equation of the quadratic function shown in the diagram.

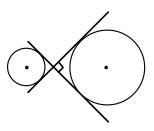






(b) The populations of Alphaville and Betaville were equal at the end of 1995. The population of Alphaville decreased by 2.9% during 1996, then increased by 8.9% during 1997, and then increased by 6.9% during 1998. The population of Betaville increased by r% in each of the three years. If the populations of the towns are equal at the end of 1998, determine the value of *r* correct to one decimal place.

In the diagram, the tangents to the two circles intersect at 90° as shown. If the radius of the smaller circle is 2, and the radius of the larger circle is 5, what is the distance between the centres of the two circles?



(b) A circular ferris wheel has a radius of 8 m and rotates at a rate of 12° per second. At t = 0, a seat is at its lowest point which is 2 m above the ground. Determine how high the seat is above the ground at t = 40 seconds.

4. 💥 (a)

A rectangle *PQRS* has side *PQ* on the *x*-axis and touches the graph of $y = k \cos x$ at the points *S* and *R* as shown. If the length of *PQ* is $\frac{\pi}{3}$ and the area of the rectangle is $\frac{5\pi}{3}$, what is the value of *k*?

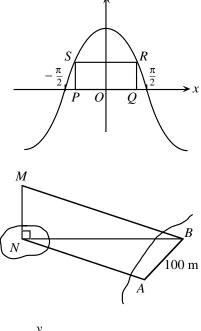
In determining the height, MN, of a tower

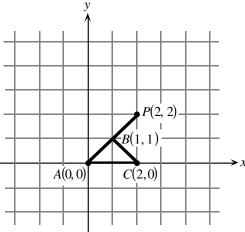
on an island, two points A and B, 100 m apart, are chosen on the same horizontal

determine the height of the tower to the

plane as *N*. If $\angle NAB = 108^\circ$, $\angle ABN = 47^\circ$ and $\angle MBN = 32^\circ$,

nearest metre.





(b)

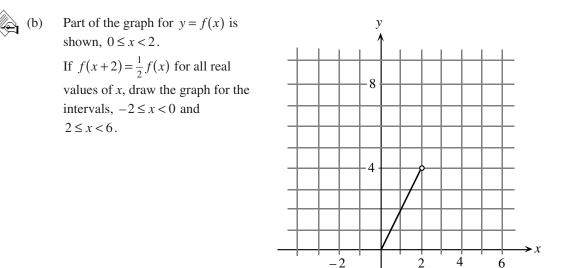
6. (a)

The points A, P and a third point Q (not shown) are the vertices of a triangle which is similar to triangle ABC. What are the coordinates of all possible positions for Q?

(b)

Determine the coordinates of the points of intersection of the graphs of $y = \log_{10}(x-2)$ and $y = 1 - \log_{10}(x+1)$.

7. (a) On the grid provided in the answer booklet, draw the graphs of the functions $y = -2\sqrt{x+1}$ and $y = \sqrt{x-2}$. For what value(s) of k will the graphs of the functions $y = -2\sqrt{x+1}$ and $y = \sqrt{x-2} + k$ intersect? (Assume x and k are real numbers.)



(a) The equation $y = x^2 + 2ax + a$ represents a parabola for all real values of a. Prove that each of these parabolas pass through a common point and determine the coordinates of this point.

(b) The vertices of the parabolas in part (a) lie on a curve. Prove that this curve is itself a parabola whose vertex is the common point found in part (a).

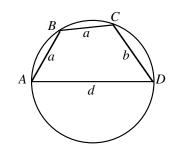
- A 'millennium' series is any series of consecutive integers with a sum of 2000. Let *m* represent the first term of a 'millennium' series.
 - (a) Determine the minimum value of *m*.

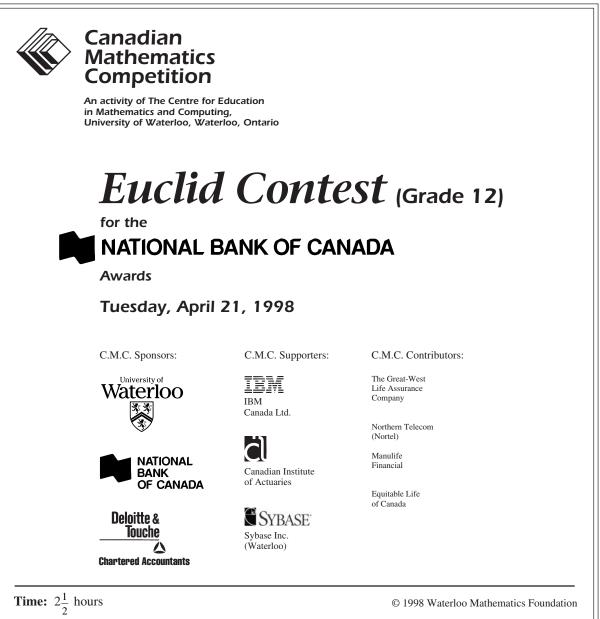
9.

(b) Determine the smallest possible positive value of *m*.

10. ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral, as shown, with side AD = d, where d is the diameter of the circle. AB = a, BC = a and CD = b. If a, b and d are integers $a \neq b$,

- (a) prove that *d* cannot be a prime number.
- (b) determine the *minimum* value of *d*.





Calculators are permitted, provided they are non-programmable and without graphic displays.

Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so. The paper consists of 10 questions, each worth 10 marks. Parts of each question can be of two types. SHORT ANSWER parts are worth 2 marks each (questions 1-2) or 3 marks each (questions 3-7). FULL SOLUTION parts are worth the remainder of the 10 marks for the question.

Instructions for SHORT ANSWER parts

1. **SHORT ANSWER** parts are indicated like this: $-\sqrt{2}$



2. Enter the answer in the appropriate box in the answer booklet. For these questions, full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box. Part marks will be awarded only if relevant work is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.

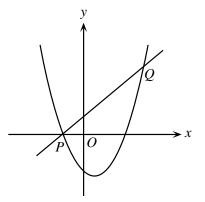
Instructions for FULL SOLUTION parts

- 1. FULL SOLUTION parts are indicated like this:
- 2. Finished solutions must be written in the appropriate location in the answer booklet. Rough work should be done separately. If you require extra pages for your finished solutions, foolscap will be supplied by your supervising teacher. Insert these pages into your answer booklet.
- 3. Marks are awarded for completeness, clarity, and style of presentation. A correct solution poorly presented will not earn full marks.

- NOTE: 1. Please read the instructions on the front cover of this booklet.
 - 2. Place all answers in the answer booklet provided.
 - 3. For questions marked " $\langle \cdot \rangle$ ", full marks will be given for a correct answer which is placed in the box in the answer booklet. Part marks will be awarded *only if relevant work* is shown in the space provided in the answer booklet.
 - 4. It is expected that all calculations and answers will be expressed as exact numbers such as 4π , $2 + \sqrt{7}$, etc., except where otherwise indicated.
- 1. (a) If one root of $x^2 + 2x c = 0$ is x = 1, what is the value of *c*?

(b) If
$$2^{2x-4} = 8$$
, what is the value of x?

- (c) Two perpendicular lines with x-intercepts -2 and 8 intersect at (0, b). Determine all values of b.
- 2. $y = (x-1)^2 + b$ has coordinates (1,3). What is the y-intercept of this parabola?
 - What is the area of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices A(-3,1), B(5,1) and C(8,7)?
 - In the diagram, the line y = x + 1 intersects the parabola $y = x^2 - 3x - 4$ at the points *P* and *Q*. Determine the coordinates of *P* and *Q*.



The graph of $y = m^x$ passes through the points (2, 5) and (5, *n*). What is the value of *mn*?

(b) Jane bought 100 shares of stock at \$10.00 per share. When the shares increased to a value of N each, she made a charitable donation of all the shares to the Euclid Foundation. She received a tax refund of 60% on the total value of her donation. However, she had to pay a tax of 20% on the increase in the value of the stock. Determine the value of *N* if the difference between her tax refund and the tax paid was \$1000.

(c)

(a)

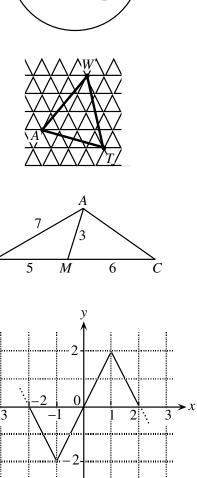
3. >

Consider the sequence
$$t_1 = 1$$
, $t_2 = -1$ and $t_n = \left(\frac{n-3}{n-1}\right) t_{n-2}$ where $n \ge 3$. What is the value of t_{1998} ?

(b) The *n*th term of an arithmetic sequence is given by $t_n = 555 - 7n$. If $S_n = t_1 + t_2 + ... + t_n$, determine the smallest value of *n* for which $S_n < 0$.

5. (a)

- A square OABC is drawn with vertices as shown. Find the equation of the circle with largest area that can be drawn inside the square.
- y B(0, 4)C(-2, 2)A(2, 2)O(0, 0)CD A Ď A B 5 6 C0 -3 2



- In the diagram, DC is a diameter of the (b) larger circle centred at A, and AC is a diameter of the smaller circle centred at B. If DE is tangent to the smaller circle at F, and
 - In the grid, each small equilateral triangle has side length 1. If the vertices of ΔWAT are themselves vertices of small equilateral

DC = 12, determine the length of DE.

triangles, what is the area of ΔWAT ?

(b)

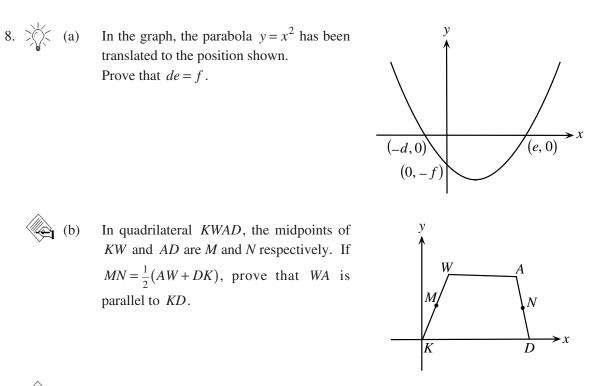
7.

6. (a)

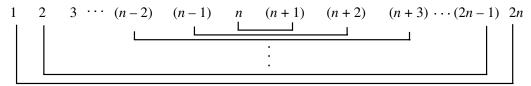
- In $\triangle ABC$, M is a point on BC such that BM = 5 and MC = 6. If AM = 3 and AB = 7, determine the exact value of AC.
- (a) The function f(x) has period 4. The graph of one period of y = f(x) is shown in the diagram. Sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2} [f(x-1) + f(x+3)], \text{ for } -2 \le x \le 2.$

🕰 (b)

If x and y are real numbers, determine all solutions (x, y) of the system of equations $x^2 - xy + 8 = 0$ $x^2 - 8x + y = 0$



9. Consider the first 2n natural numbers. Pair off the numbers, as shown, and multiply the two members of each pair. Prove that there is no value of n for which two of the n products are equal.



- 10. The equations $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$ and $x^2 + 5x 6 = 0$ *each* have integer solutions whereas only one of the equations in the pair $x^2 + 4x + 5 = 0$ and $x^2 + 4x 5 = 0$ has integer solutions.
 - (a) Show that if $x^2 + px + q = 0$ and $x^2 + px q = 0$ **both** have integer solutions, then it is possible to find integers *a* and *b* such that $p^2 = a^2 + b^2$. (i.e. (a, b, p) is a Pythagorean triple).
 - (b) Determine q in terms of a and b.